Intermittent suckling improves galactose absorption in weanling pigs

Diana Turpin

EAAP 2014 Session 7:

Feeding (and management) to improve gut barrier function and immunity in livestock



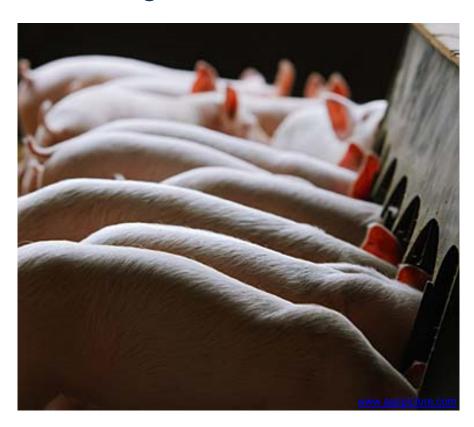
COPENHAGEN



Dr Pieter Langendijk (SARDI, Roseworthy, South Australia)
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Professor John Pluske (Murdoch University, Western Australia)

Outline

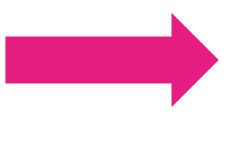
- Background
 - Issues associated with weaning
 - Intermittent suckling
- Hypothesis
- Results and Discussion
- Conclusion
- Benefits to Industry
- Future Research



Weaning of piglets is stressful

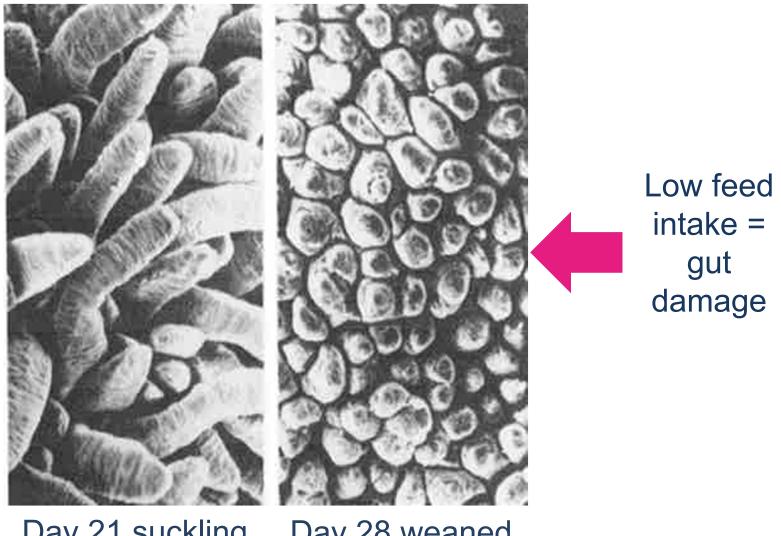
Sudden changes in diet and environment











Day 21 suckling

Day 28 weaned





- Reduced growth ("growth check")
- Gastrointestinal disease and dysfunction



Intermittent suckling type of gradual weaning





Adaptation time to weaning Gastrointestinal tract health?

Measuring Gastrointestinal Health???

Two sugar absorption tests:

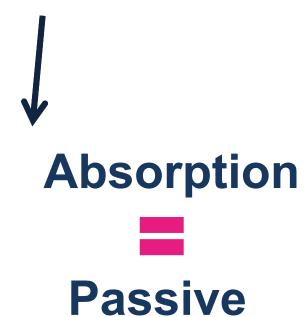


Mannitol

Galactose

From Cera et al., (1988)

Mannitol Absorption

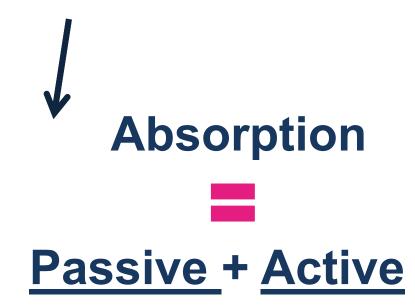


Higher plasma mannitol concentration



Greater intestinal surface area

Galactose Absorption



Higher plasma galactose concentration



Improved intestinal function

Hypothesis



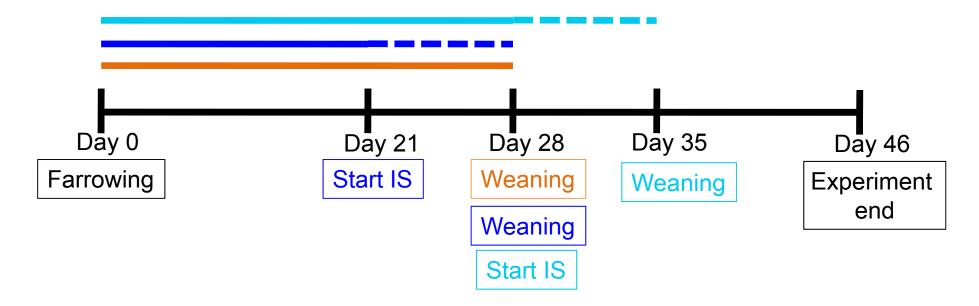


Gastrointestinal absorptive capacity of mannitol and galactose

Materials and Methods

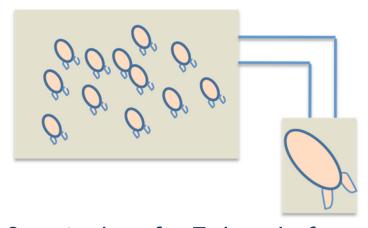
Thirty-six gilt litters were allocated to 1 of 3 weaning regimes:

- Control, CW28 (n=9) continuous access to the sow until weaning at day 28
- Two intermittent suckling (IS) treatments:
 - IS21 (n=9) intermittent suckling starting at day 21 until weaning at day 28
 - IS28 (n=9) intermittent suckling starting at day 28 until weaning at day 35



Materials and Methods

- Creep feed offered ad libitum from
 10 days of age
- Intermittent suckling treatment groups:





8am to 4pm for 7 days before weaning

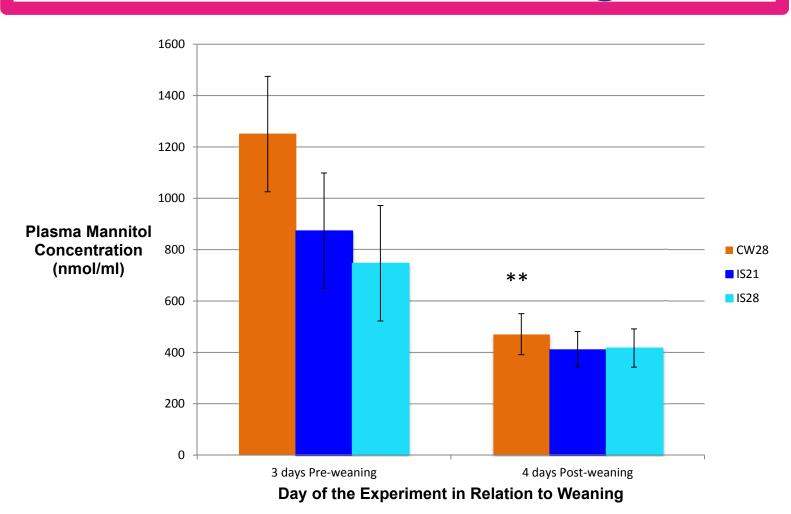
Materials and Methods

1 piglet per litter (n=9) = 10% mannitol (5ml/kg) orally
3 DAYS PREWEANING
4 DAYS POSTWEANING

1 piglet per litter (n=9) = 10% galactose (5ml/kg) orally 4 DAYS POSTWEANING

Results and Discussion

Mannitol absorption before and after weaning

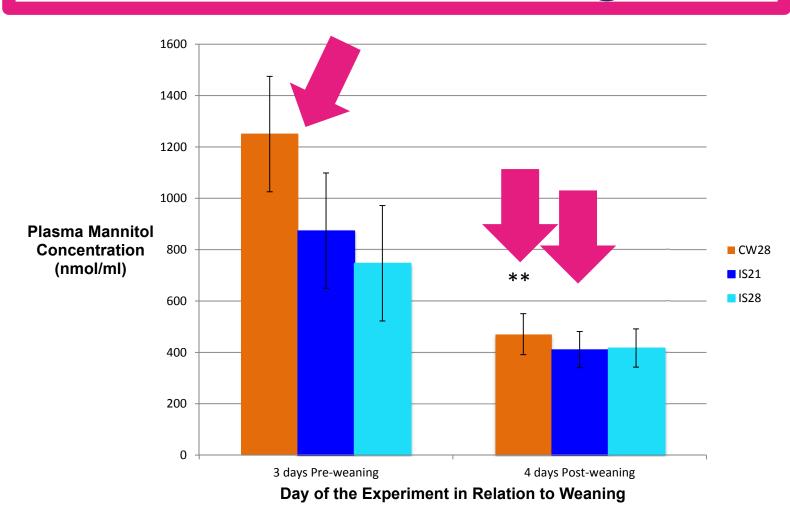


Higher plasma mannitol concentration

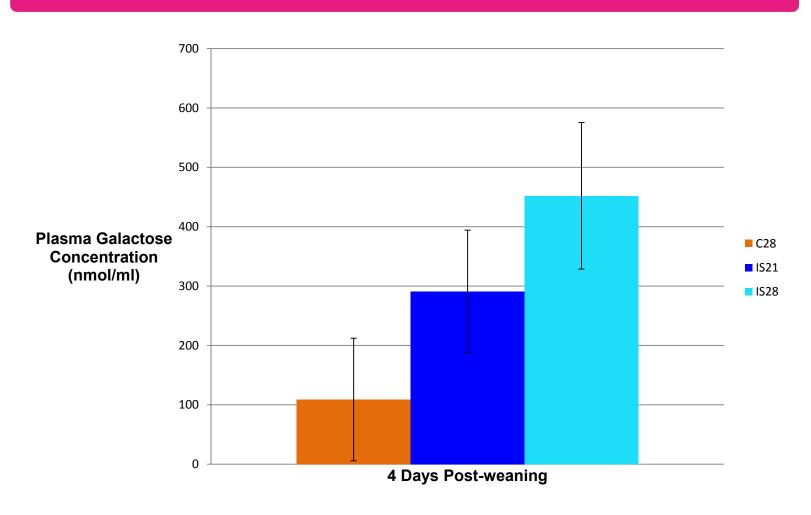


Greater intestinal surface area

Mannitol absorption before and after weaning



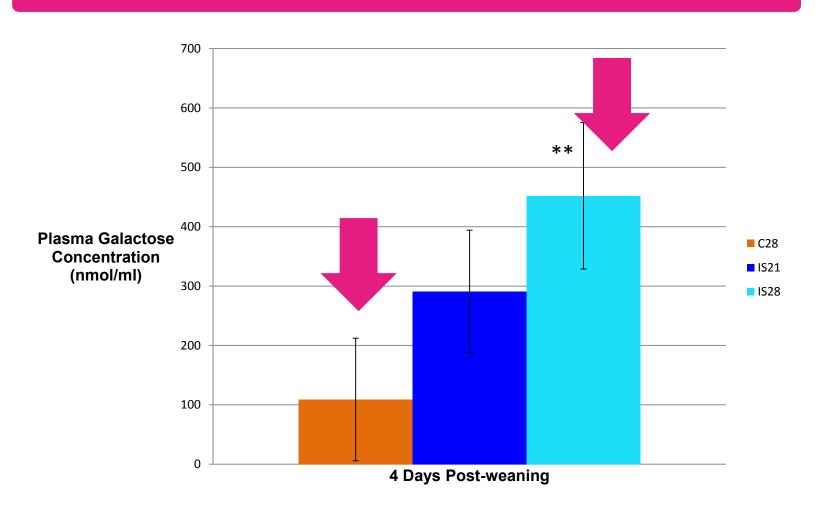
Galactose absorption after weaning



Higher plasma galactose concentration



Galactose absorption after weaning



Conclusions





Intermittent suckling



Older weaning age

Gastrointestinal absorptive capacity



Industry Implications

Improved gastrointestinal function



- Better performance of pigs after weaning
 - Health risks associated with weaning



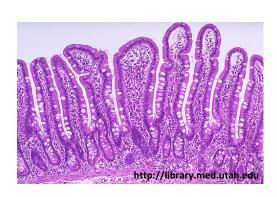


Efficiency of Production

Future Research

- Examine further the effect intermittent suckling has on gastrointestinal function and integrity
- Understand the mechanisms behind this potential improvement in gastrointestinal function







Thank you









References

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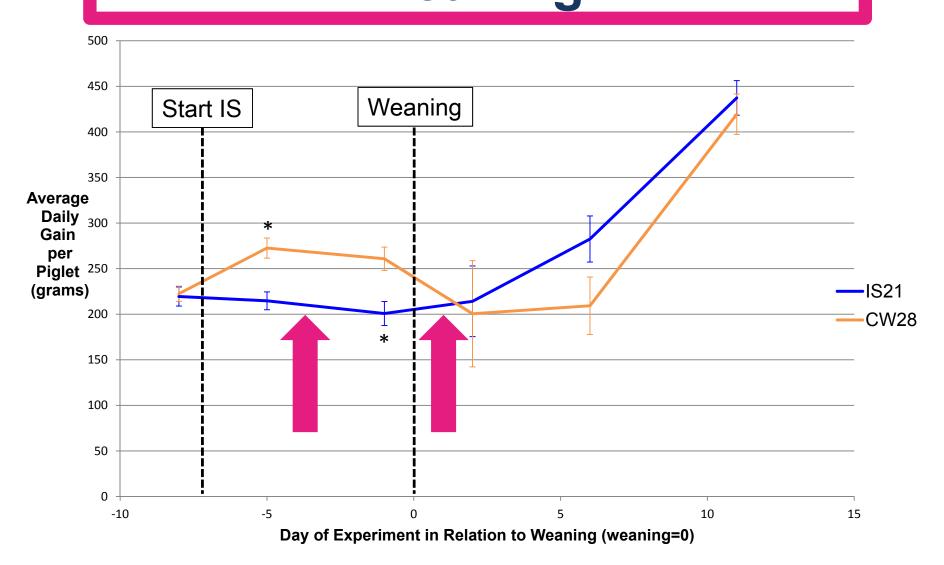
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•Weighing and creep feed days - d13, 20, 27, 30, 34, 37, 41 and 46

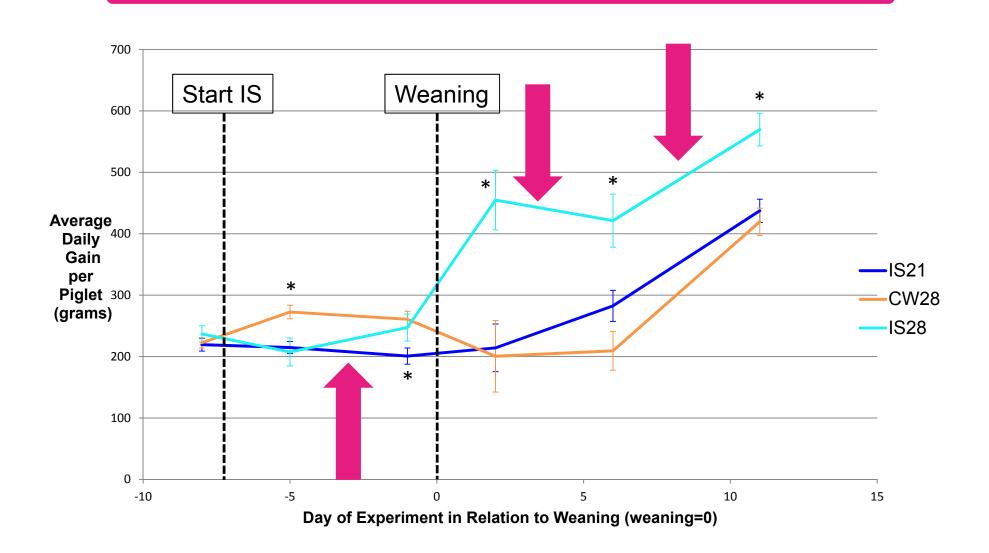
•At d46 of age, body weights were similar (P>0.05) across treatments (14.2 \pm 2.4 kg).

	CW28 ¹ (n=14)	IS21 (n=14)	IS28 (n=13)	SEM	P value
ADG, g					
Day 5 - d 1 pre- weaning	261 ^a	201 ^b	247 ^{ab}	10.1	0.038
First 2 d post-weaning	200 ^a	214 ^a	455 ^b	29.5	<0.001
Days 2-6 post- weaning	209 ^a	283ª	421 ^b	20.2	<0.001
Weaning weight, kg	7.4 ^{ax}	6.8 ^{ax}	8.3 ^{by}	0.16	0.833
ADFI, g					
Day 5- d 1 pre- weaning	46 ^a	37 ^a	98 ^b	6.7	<0.001
Days 2-6 post- weaning	243 ^a	285ª	429 ^b	18.1	<0.001

Growth rate before and after weaning



Growth rate before and after weaning



Creep feed disappearance before and after weaning (grams per piglet)

	CW 28	IS21	IS28	SEM	P Value
1 day Pre-weaning	46ª	37 ^a	<u>98</u> ^b	6.7	<0.001
2 days Post-weaning	102ª	105ª	215 ^b	9.6	<0.001
6 days Post-weaning	243 ^a	285ª	429 ^b	18.1	<0.001



Mannitol absorption before and after weaning

