

# Effect of chestnut tannins and vitamin E on oxidative status in broiler chickens

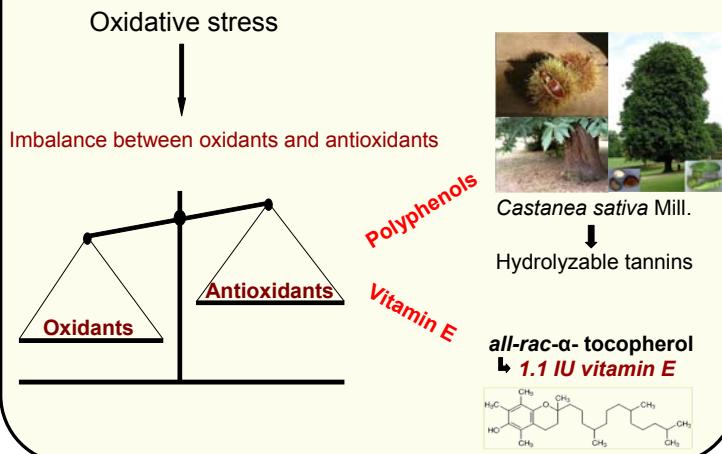
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Voljč M., Nemec M., Frankič T., Trebušak T., Salobir J.

University of Ljubljana, Biotechnical faculty, Department of Animal Science, Chair of Nutrition

mojca.voljc@bf.uni-lj.si

## INTRODUCTION



## OBJECTIVE

To establish the effect of chestnut tannins (Farmatan) and vitamin E on oxidative stress in broiler chickens.

## MATERIAL AND METHODS

Five groups → 10 × per group

Experimental diets: broiler specifications ROSS 308

ContPalm	7.5 % palm fat
ContLin	7.5 % linseed oil
VitE	7.5 % linseed oil, 85 IU vitamin E as all-rac- $\alpha$ -tocopherol
TAN	7.5 % linseed oil, 3 g Farmatan/kg
VitE+TAN	7.5 % linseed oil, 85 IU vitamin E as all-rac- $\alpha$ -tocopherol, 3 g Farmatan/kg

### Analyses:

- HPLC: MDA and vitamin E in blood plasma, liver and breast muscle
- RANDOX: TAS (total antioxidant status), SOD (superoxid dismutase), GPx (glutathione peroxidase), GR (glutathione reductase)
- Comet assay: lymphocyte DNA damage

## RESULTS

Table 1: Markers of oxidative stress

	ContPalm	ContLin	VitE	TAN	VitE+TAN	S.E.M.	P
<b>MDA</b>							
Plasma (nmol/ml)	0.13 <sup>a</sup>	0.65 <sup>b</sup>	0.43 <sup>bc</sup>	0.47 <sup>bc</sup>	0.37 <sup>ac</sup>	0.07	<0.0001
Liver (nmol/g)	0.21 <sup>a</sup>	0.41 <sup>b</sup>	0.42 <sup>b</sup>	0.37 <sup>b</sup>	0.38 <sup>b</sup>	0.04	0.0011
Breast muscle (nmol/g)	0.32 <sup>a</sup>	1.88 <sup>b</sup>	0.78 <sup>a</sup>	1.85 <sup>b</sup>	0.71 <sup>a</sup>	0.17	<0.0001
TAS (mmol/ml)	1.49	1.46	1.45	1.40	1.44	0.07	0.8969
<b>Antioxidant enzymes</b>							
SOD (U/g HB)	537.75	541.26	586.63	532.48	556.96	35.31	0.8184
GPx (U/g HB)	129.07	146.12	144.36	140.94	127.58	7.45	0.2620
GR (U/l)	27.05	27.07	26.35	26.35	24.33	1.26	0.4964

Table 2: Concentrations of  $\alpha$ -tocopherol in blood plasma, liver and breast muscle

	Plasma ( $\mu$ g/ml)	Liver ( $\mu$ g/g)	Breast muscle ( $\mu$ g/g)	Plasma ( $\mu$ g/ml)	Liver ( $\mu$ g/g)	Breast muscle ( $\mu$ g/g)	S.E.M.	P
<b>Vitamin E (<math>\alpha</math> tocopherol)</b>								
Plasma ( $\mu$ g/ml)	6.77 <sup>a</sup>	4.45 <sup>a</sup>	15.65 <sup>b</sup>	4.84 <sup>a</sup>	18.54 <sup>c</sup>	0.71	<0.0001	
Liver ( $\mu$ g/g)	4.83 <sup>a</sup>	3.86 <sup>a</sup>	13.91 <sup>b</sup>	4.04 <sup>a</sup>	16.96 <sup>c</sup>	0.12	<0.0001	
Breast muscle ( $\mu$ g/g)	3.79 <sup>a</sup>	2.83 <sup>a</sup>	7.53 <sup>b</sup>	3.09 <sup>a</sup>	9.64 <sup>c</sup>	0.43	<0.0001	

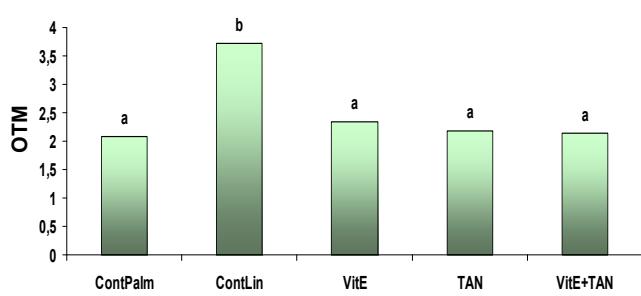


Fig.: Lymphocyte DNA damage presented as OTM (Olive Tail Moment)

## CONCLUSIONS

- High PUFA intake increased MDA formation and DNA fragmentation.
- Addition of 85 IU of vitamin E reduced MDA content only in breast muscle. Tannins had no effect on MDA content.
- Vitamin E and tannins together (group VitE+TAN) reduced MDA in plasma and breast muscle.
- Vitamin E and tannins had no effect on TAS, SOD, GPx and GP values.
- Vitamin E and tannins reduced DNA damage of blood lymphocytes.
- Concentrations of vitamin E increased when diets were supplemented with vitamin E, to greater extent in VitE+TAN group.
- Combination of both supplements is more effective than the sole use.