



Changes in biochemical markers of bone metabolism in the young Lusitano horse

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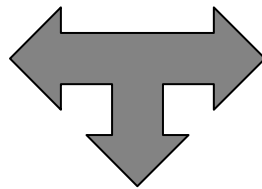
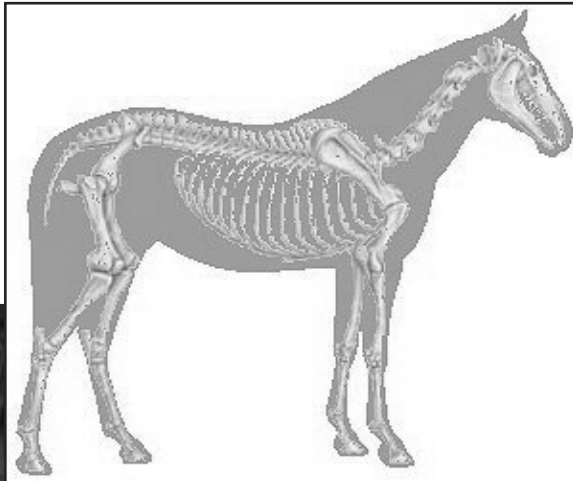
61th Annual EAAP Meeting, Heraklion 2010



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Introduction

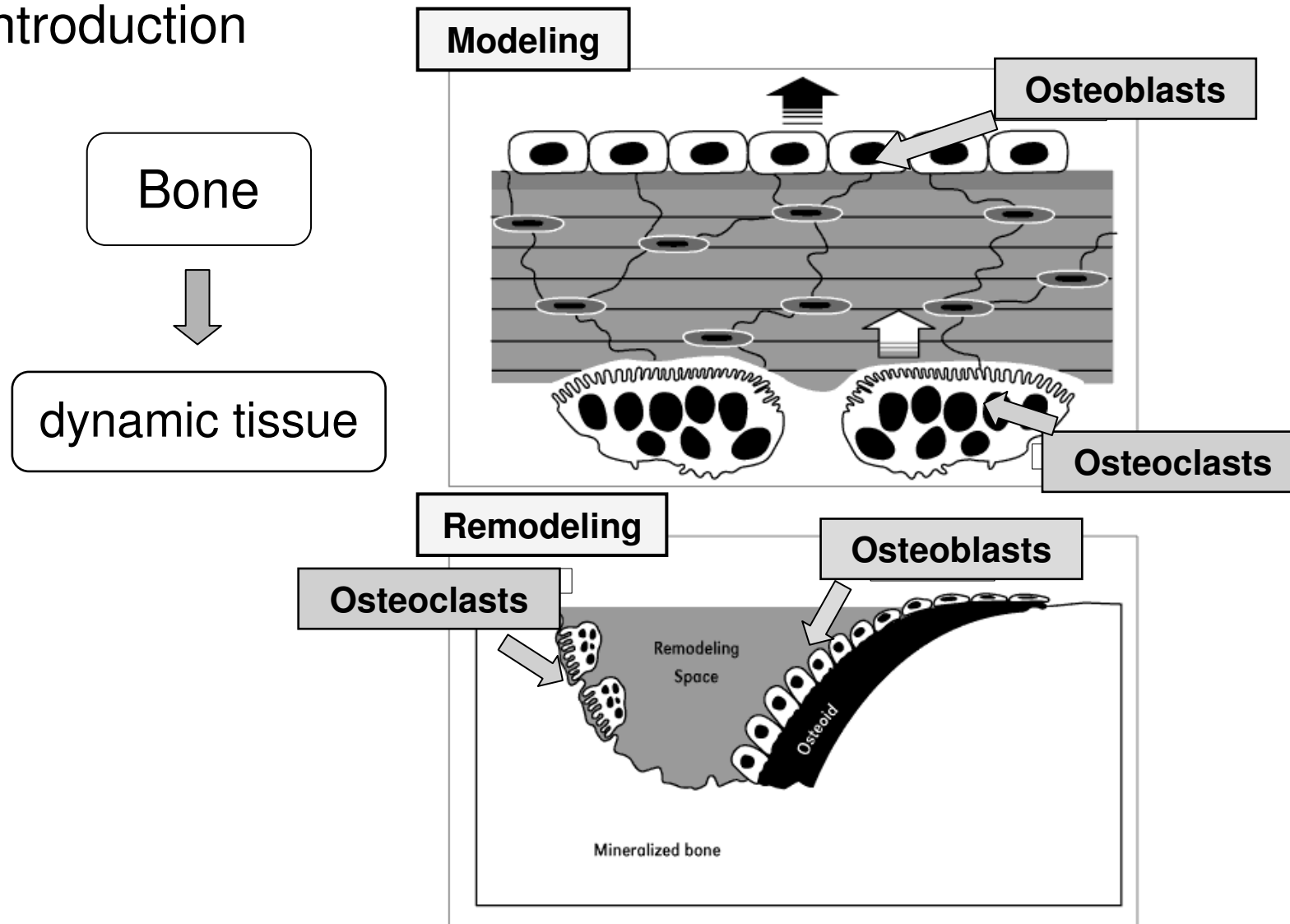
Equine bone metabolism



Sports performance

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Introduction

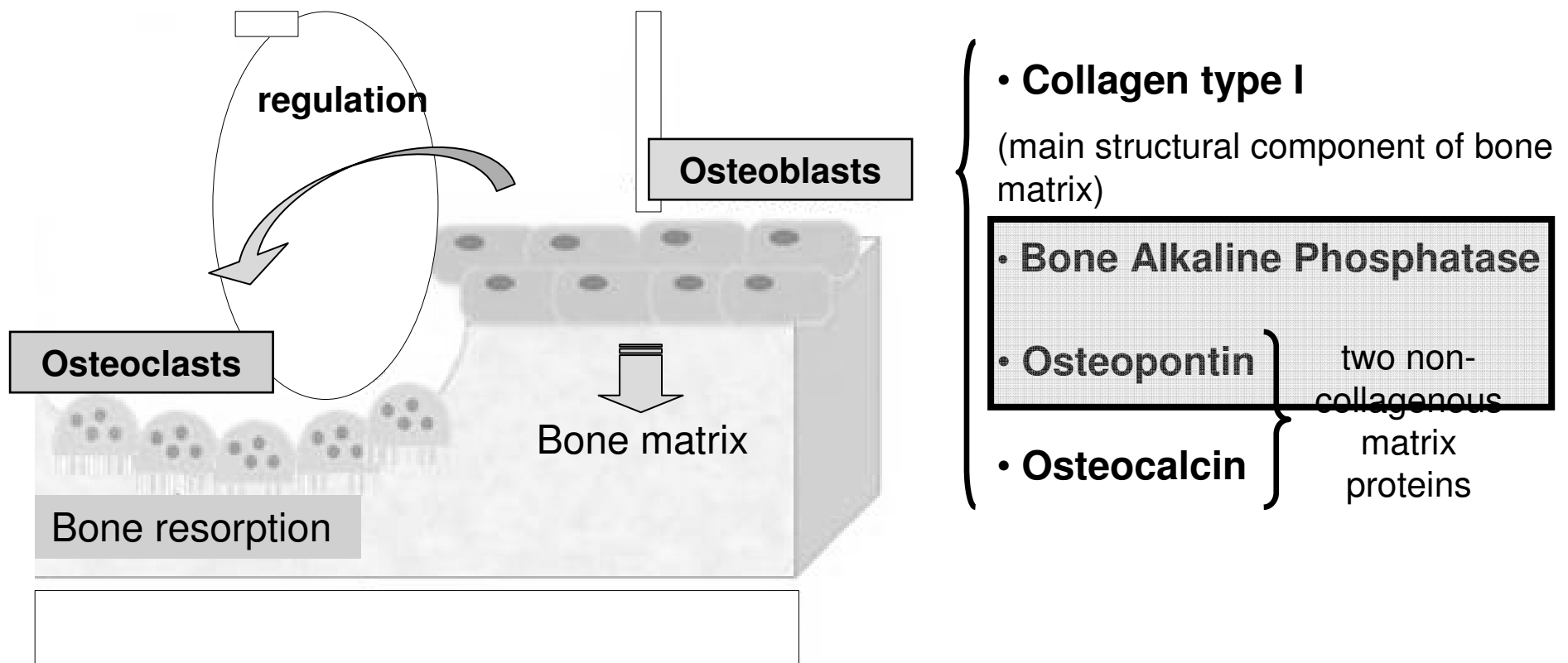


Adapted http://www.surgeongeneral.gov/library/bonehealth/chapter_2.html

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Introduction

Bone formation

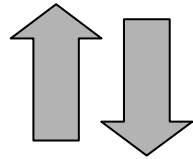


Adapted from Caetano-Lopes *et al.*, 2007

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Introduction

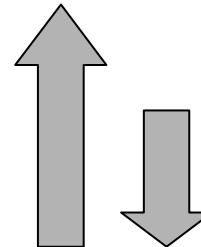
Bone formation



Bone resorption

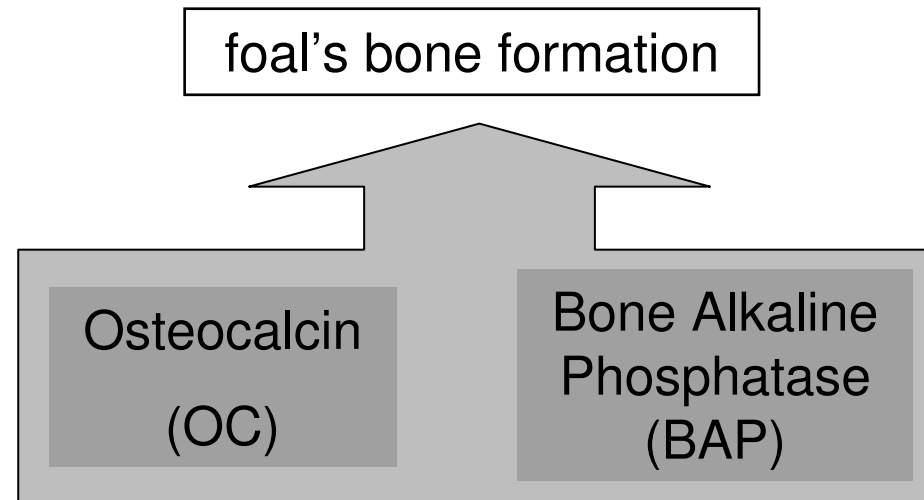


Bone formation



Bone resorption

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Objective

To characterize changes in OC and BAP plasma concentrations from birth to two years of age in the Lusitano horse, under extensive management conditions

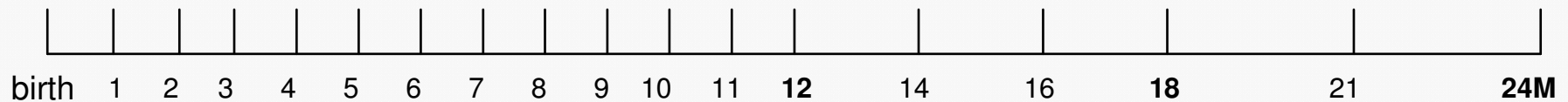
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Materials & methods



- **28 Lusitano foals (three stud farms);**
 A (n=10); B (n=9); C (n=9)
- **born between Feb and May;**
- **periodically monitored from birth to two years.**

Blood samples



- **weighed;**
- **withers height and cannon circumference were measured.**

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Materials & methods



Until weaning:

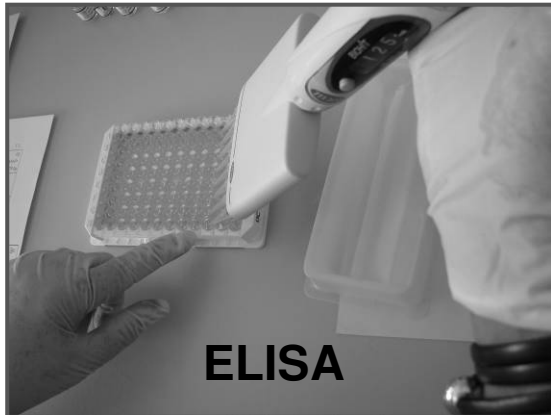
- all foals were kept on pasture with their dams;
- mares from A and B studs were supplemented once a day with compound feeds plus grass hay or cereal straw, according to pasture availability and stud farm practices;
- mares from C stud farm were rarely supplemented;
- weaning average age ($225 \pm 6d$) \approx 7.5 months;

After weaning:

- foals were group fed in paddocks during an adaptation period and returned to pasture afterwards;
- colts were separated from fillies around 1 year of age;
- supplementary feeds were given according to pasture availability and farm practices;
- exercise level was similar in the three stud farms, as they had daily free access to the pasture areas.

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Materials & methods



OC – MicroVue Osteocalcin (Quidel Corporation, USA)

BAP – MicroVue BAP (Quidel Corporation, USA)

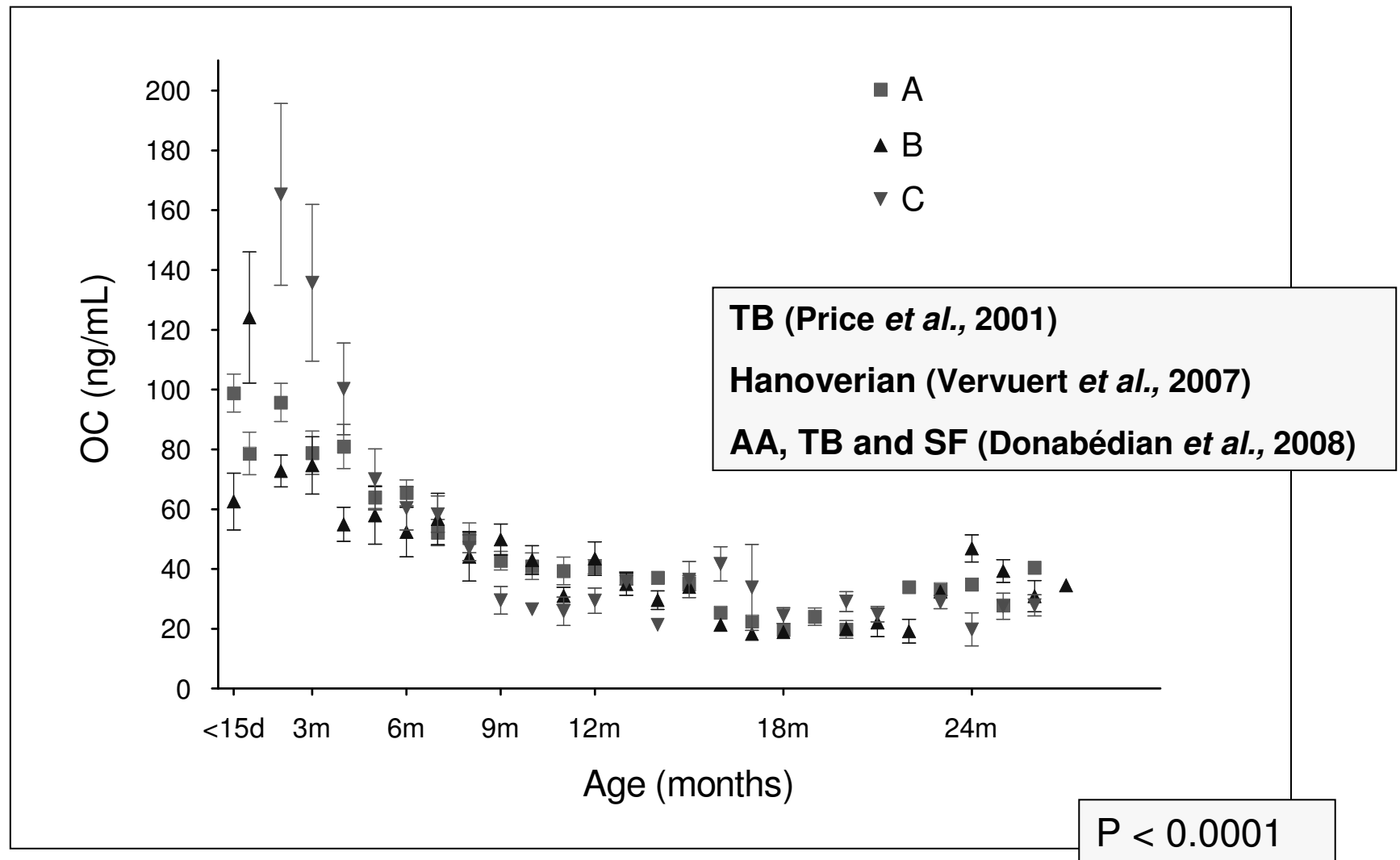
Statistic analyses

- **Pearson's correlation coefficients** were used to examine the variables relationship.
- **Mixed model:**
 - group, age and interaction group*age - fixed factors;
 - foals - random factor;
 - measurements at different ages in the same foal were treated as repeated measures on animal within group as a subject.

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Results

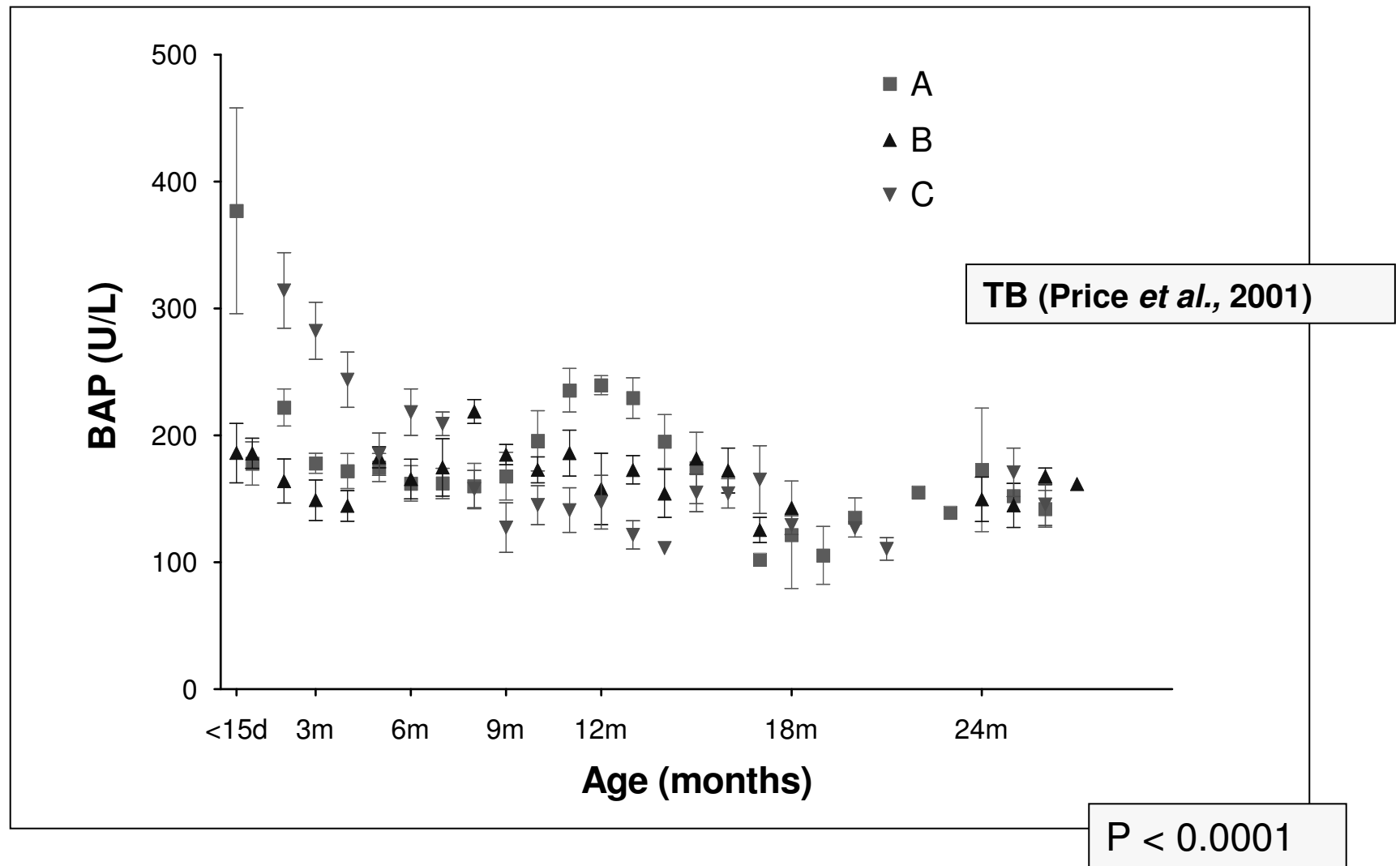
Osteocalcin



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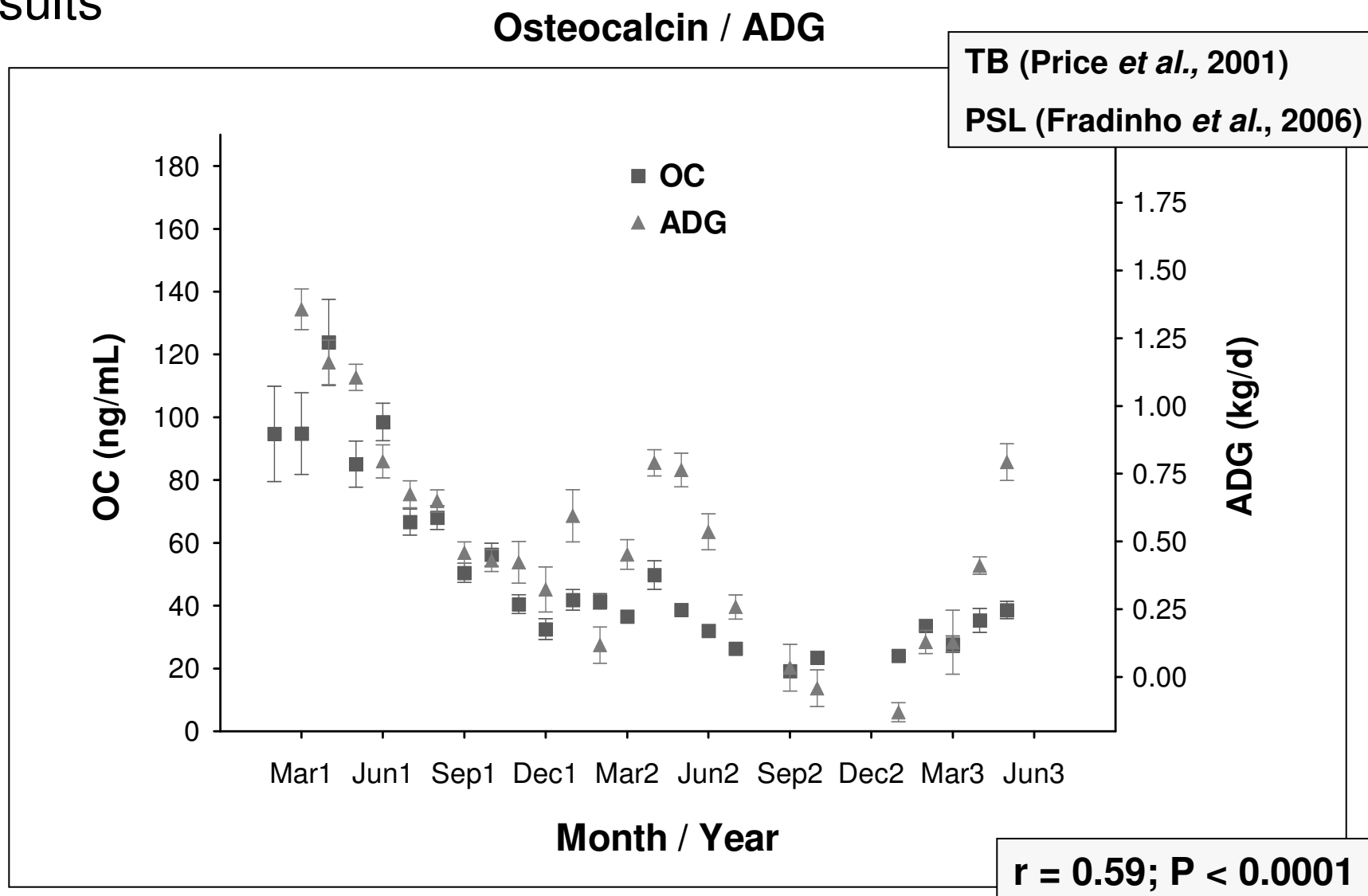
Results

Bone Alkaline Phosphatase



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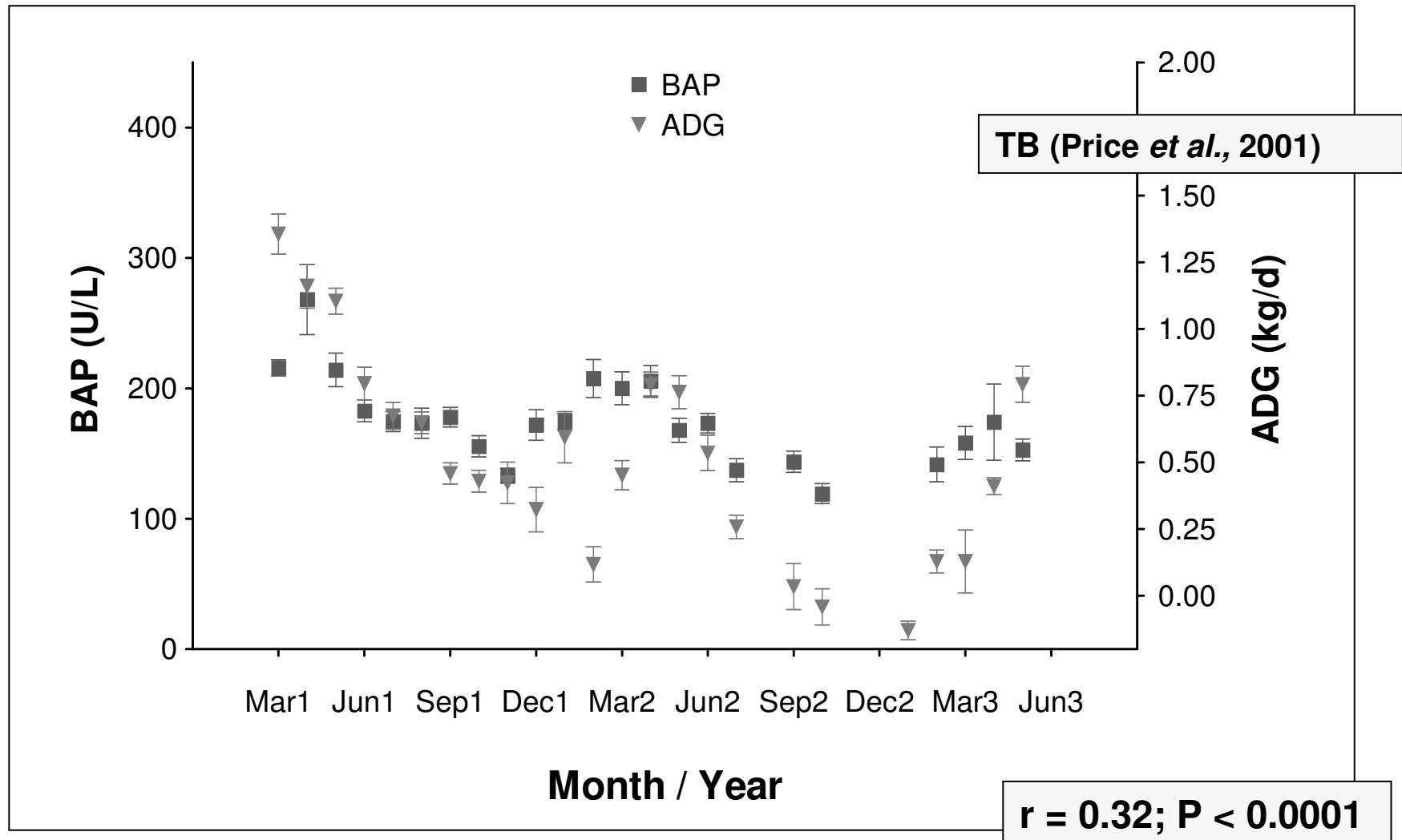
Results



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Results

Bone Alkaline Phosphatase / ADG



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Results

Correlations coefficients between withers height, cannon circumference and bone markers

	OC (ng/mL) r P value n	BAP (U/L) r P value n
Withers Height (cm) r P value n	- 0.63 < 0.0001 377	- 0.33 < 0.0001 354
Cannon Circumference (cm) r P value n	- 0.59 < 0.0001 385	- 0.28 < 0.0001 359

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Conclusions

- OC and BAP plasma concentrations significantly decrease with age in the Lusitano foal.
- A seasonal effect associated with the spring periods was observed.
- The results and age-related changes were similar to others described on sport light breeds.

This study provides valuable information on biochemical markers of bone formation during the first two years of Lusitano horse.





Ευχαριστώ πολύ

Acknowledgements:

This work was supported by grants:

- POCI 2010, N° GG/GGP/ME611-0166/05 from FCT, Lisbon, Portugal.
- SFRH/BD/29890/2006 from FCT, Lisbon, Portugal.