



Expected effects on carcass and pork quality when surgical castration is omitted: results of a meta-analysis study

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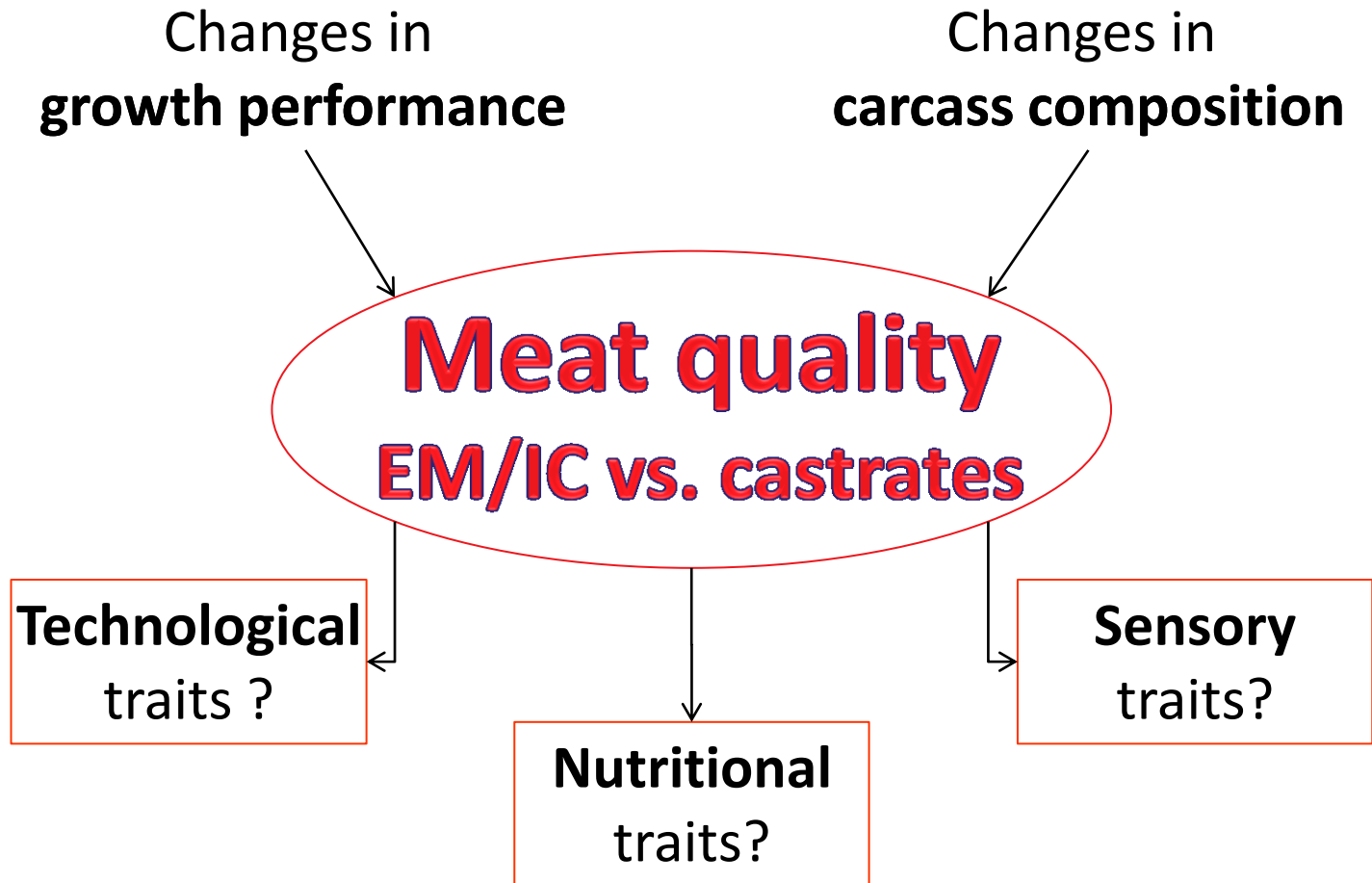
Introduction

- Alternatives to surgical castration
 - Castration under anaesthesia = castrate (**C**)
 - Immunocastration (**IC**)
 - Entire males (**EM**)

Advantages of	
Feed efficiency	BOAR TAIN
N-losses	
Carcass leanness	



Open Question





Materials and methods

In the database results of **26** published (>1990 up to 2009) and **2** unpublished studies included:

- Carcass characteristics
 - Meat quality
- } **EM = control**
C
Female pigs (**F**)
IC

In the study results (means) from:

- EM; n = 2683
- C; n = 3427
- F; n = 3736
- IC; n = 96



Materials and Methods

Results of 9 traits were collected

- **Lean meat, %**
- **Intramuscular fat, %** - longissimus muscle
- **Initial pH** - 30, 45 and 60 min post mortem in the LM
- **Ultimate pH** - 18, 24 or 48 h post mortem in the LM
- **L*** - lightness of the LD
- **Drip loss, %** - purge formed during storage at 4°C for 24, 48 or 72 h
- **Shear force, kg** - maximum shear force
- **SFA, %** - saturated fatty acid level in the adipose tissue
- **MUFA, %** - monounsaturated fatty acid level in the adipose tissue
- **PUFA, %** - polyunsaturated fatty acid level in the adipose tissue
- **Tenderness score** - evaluated on a scale from 0 (tough) to 10 (tender)
- **Sensory juiciness** - evaluated on a scale from 0 (tough) to 10 (tender)



Statistical Meta-analysis

Original data

Means

SEM, SED, LSD

Database for meta analysis

Means

pooled SE

Empirical effect size

$$= IC_{Mean} - EM_{Mean}/\text{pooled SE}$$

$$= C_{mean} - EM_{Mean}/\text{pooled SE}$$

$$= F_{mean} - EM_{Mean}/\text{pooled SE}$$

Empirical effect sizes & estimated parameters of the model are dimensionless quantities



Statistical Meta-analysis

- Data analysis carried out as multiple treatment studies (Gleser and Olkin, 1994)
 - Linear model accounts for *correlation of effect sizes* as introduced by a the common control group (EM)
- Generalized least squares procedure were used to calculate

Model parameters β_C , β_{IC} and β_F = estimates of the of population effect sizes for C, IC, and F, respectively.

Estimates of mean differences

$$D_{C-EM} = C_{\text{mean}} - EM_{\text{Mean}}$$

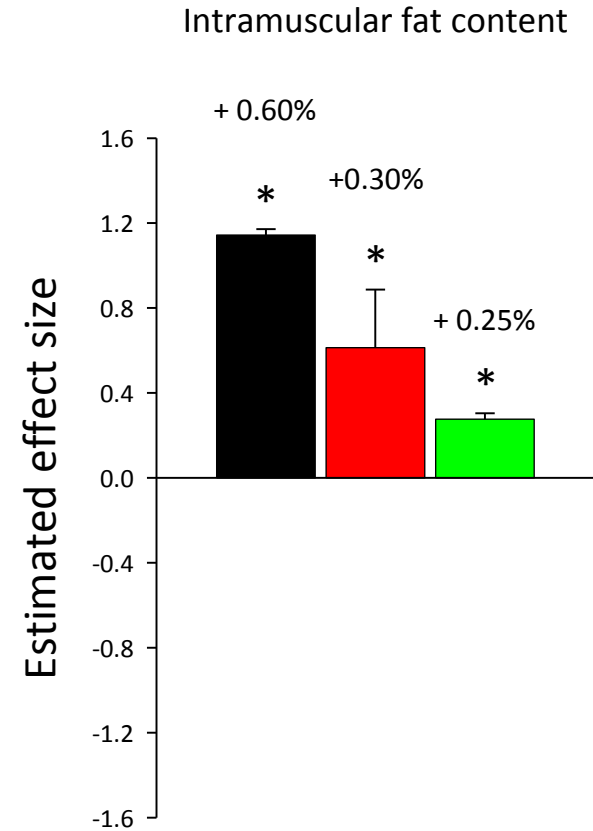
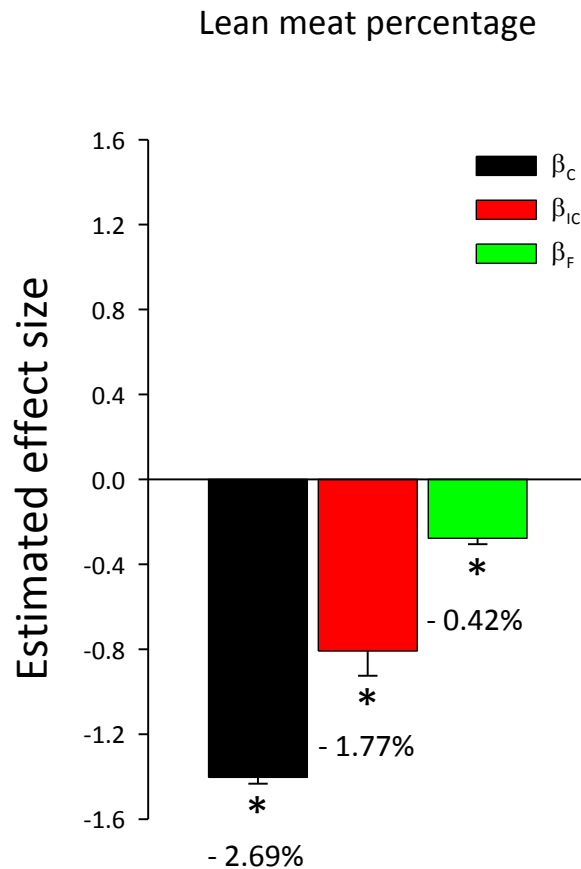
$$D_{IC-EM} = IC_{\text{Mean}} - EM_{\text{Mean}}$$

$$D_{F-EM} = F_{\text{mean}} - EM_{\text{Mean}}$$



Results

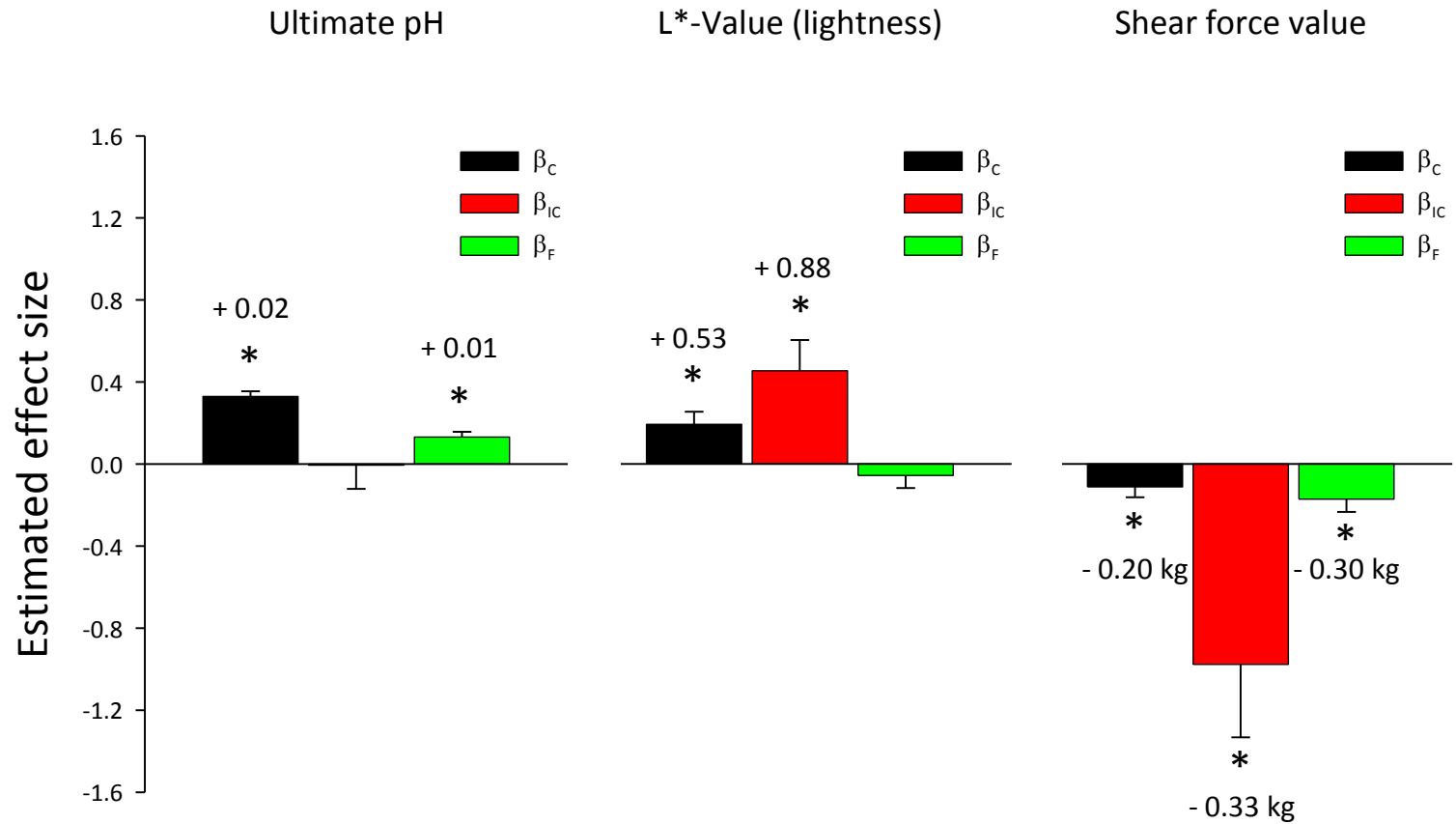
CARCASS CHARACTERISTICS





Results

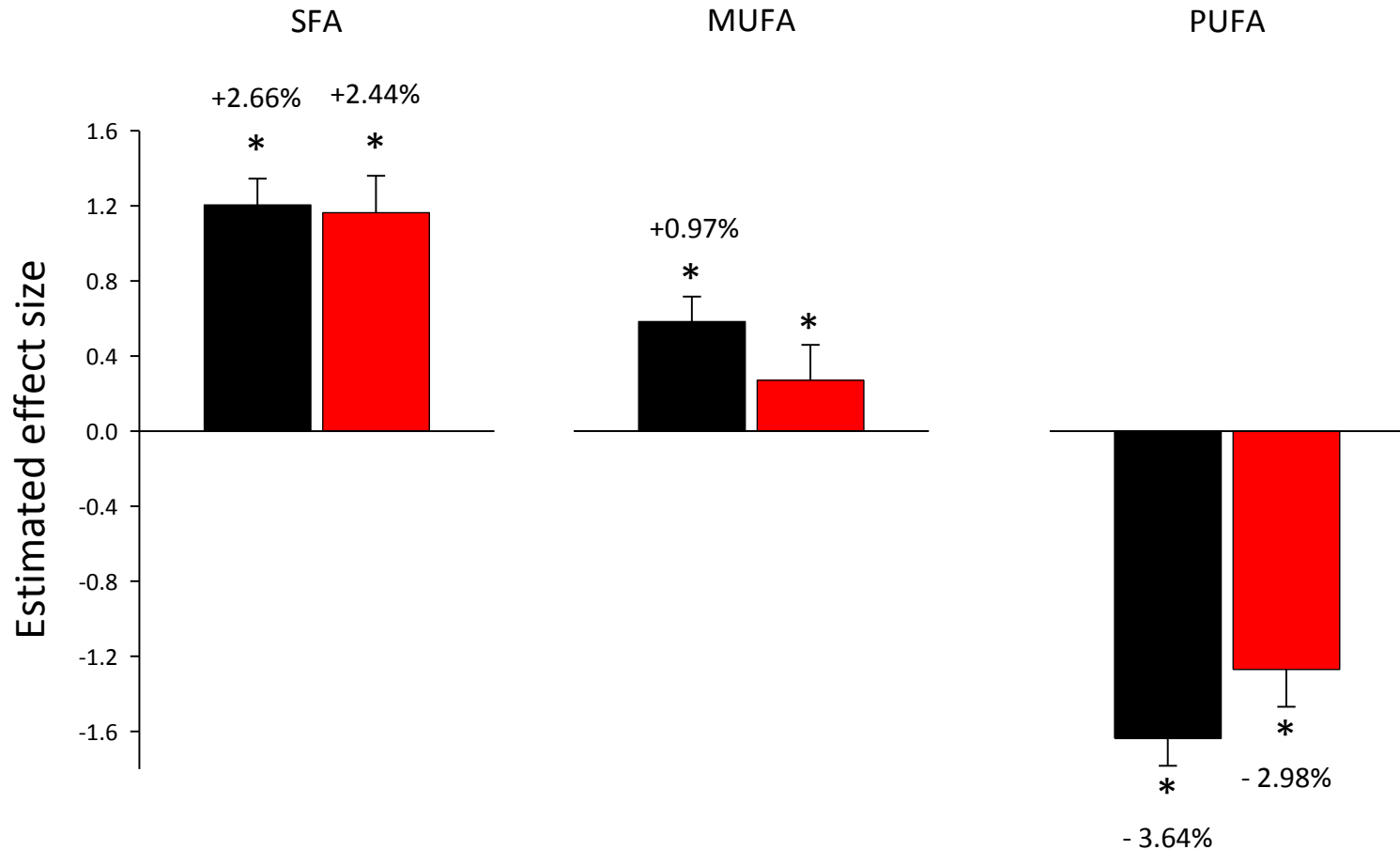
MEAT QUALITY TRAITS





Results

FATTY ACID COMPOSITION

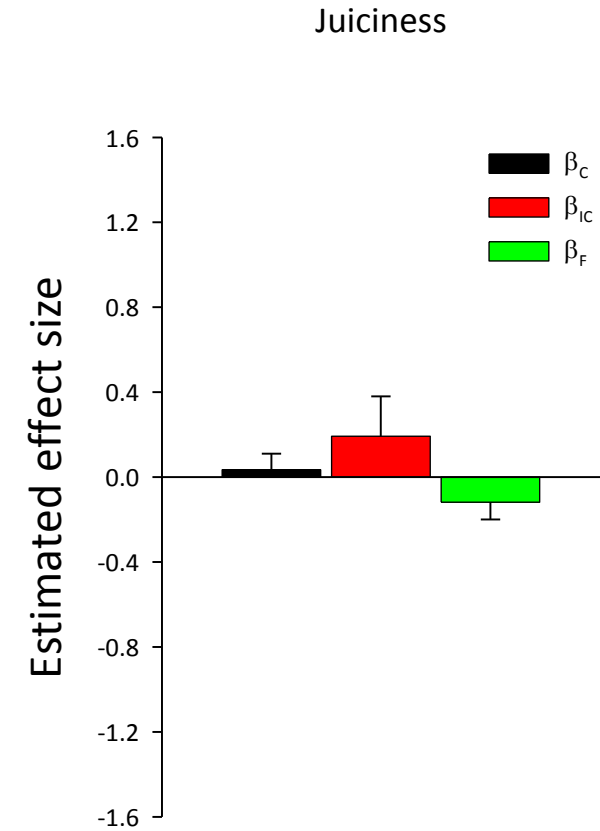
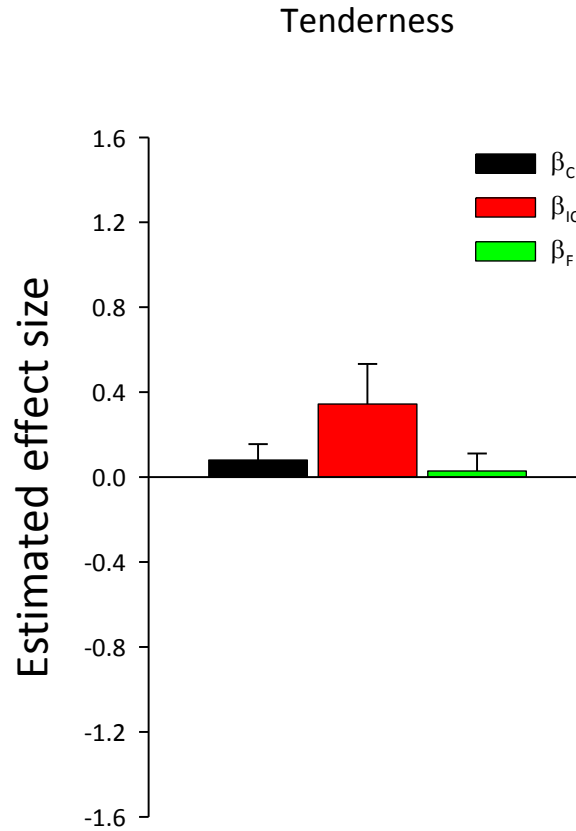


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Results

SENSORY EVALUATION





Conclusions

Raising EM instead of castrates, immunocastrates or female pigs may result:

- Leaner carcasses
- Lower intramuscular fat content
- Adipose tissue has a higher degree of unsaturation
 - Higher SFA and lower PUFA content
- Greater shear force values
 - no apparent effect on tenderness scores



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Thank you for your attention