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# Impact of general anaesthesia and analgesia on post–castration behaviour and performance of piglets

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#### Introduction



- → Castration of (< 7 day old) piglets without anaesthesia
  - Castration is a painful procedure
  - Alternatives for castration without anaesthesia must be found



Research is needed on the welfare aspects of general anaesthesia and analgesia

(PIGCAS ; EU-Report 2008)

Ketamine and Azaperone : currently licensed for use in pigs

Meloxicam : used for post-surgical analgesia





# Aim of the study

Analysis of piglet behaviour and performance before and after castration for an evaluation of the welfare benefit of *general anaesthesia* in combination with *analgesia* 











## Animals and Methods

#### 82 piglets (5-7 d > 2 kg) in 3 treatments

1. → Control (→ castration without *anaesthesia*) N= 29

2.  $\rightarrow$  Meloxicam (Metacam<sup>®</sup>, 0.4mg/kg  $\rightarrow$  nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory) N= 24

3.  $\rightarrow$  Combination: Meloxicam (Metacam<sup>®</sup>, 0.4mg/kg) N=29

Azaperon (Stresnil®, 2mg/kg)

→ neuroleptanalgesia +

Ketamine (Ursotamin®, 25mg/kg)

→ anaesthetic with analgesic properties

→ Application 10 min before castration





## Animals and Methods

### Behavioural analysis

- "blind" observation
- 3 h before castration
- 3 h after castration





 Separation from the sow 3 h after castration to protect anaesthetized piglets from being crushed

- Wooden board for separation





## Animals and Methods

#### Behavioural analysis

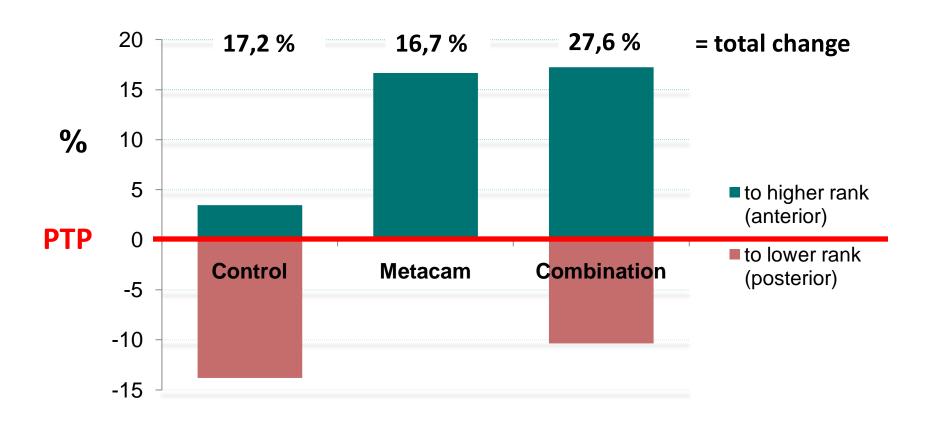
- Suckling duration (lying at sows` teat)
- Suckling position (rank)
  - → Preferred teat position
  - → Suckling order stability (# teats used/ piglet)
- Physical activity (standing, walking)
- Daily weight recordings (before and after)







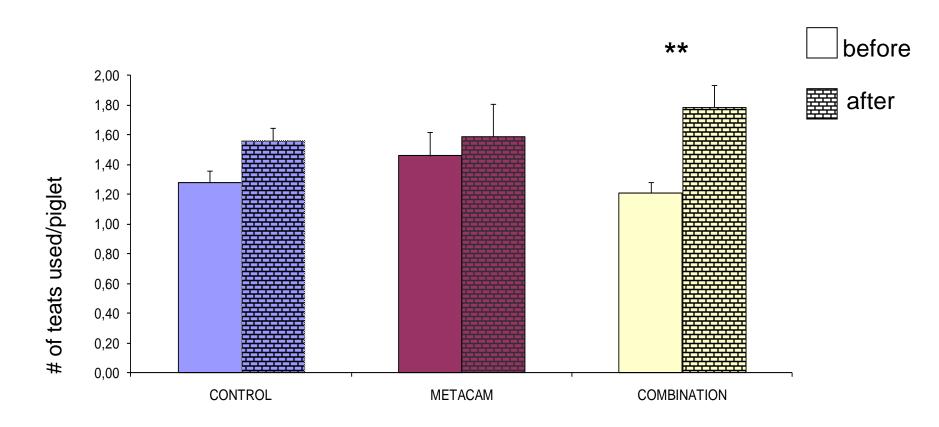
#### Change from Preferred Teat Position (PTP) after separation







#### Suckling order stability (# of teats used /piglet)



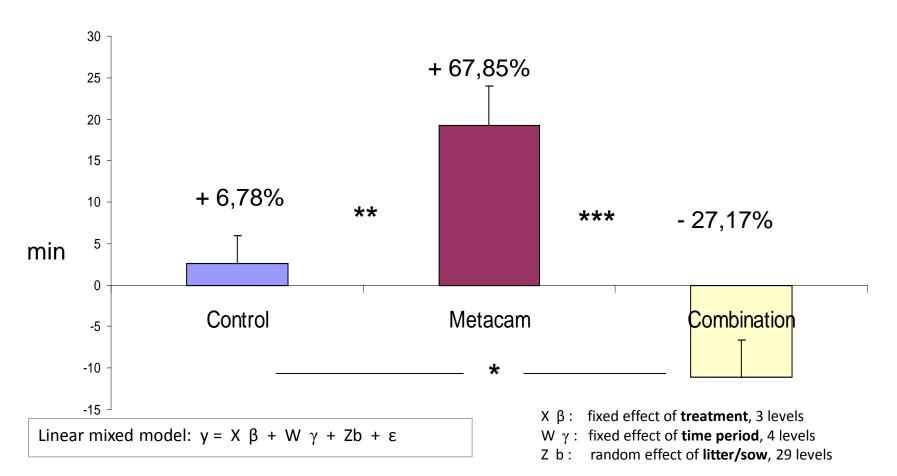
paired Wilcoxon test





#### Suckling duration (lying at sows` teat)

#### Difference before and after castration

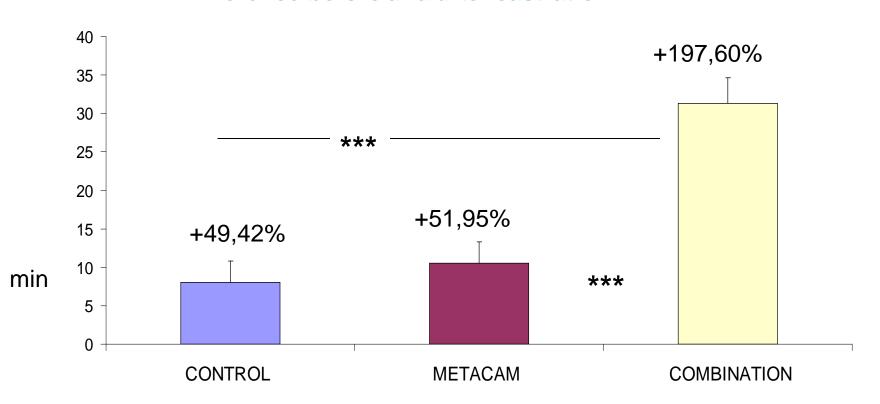






#### **Physical Activity**

#### Difference before and after castration



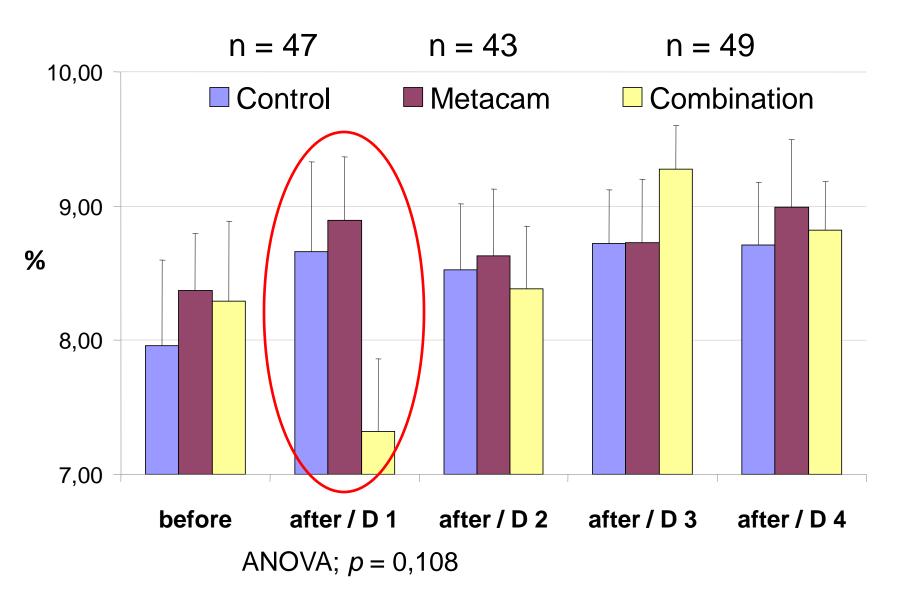
Linear mixed model:  $y = X \beta + W \gamma + Z b + \epsilon$ 

X β: fixed effect of **treatment**, 3 levels W γ: fixed effect of **time period**, 4 levels Z b: random effect of **litter/sow**, 29 levels





## Daily weight gain



# Summary and Discussion

#### Suckling Behaviour:

METACAM:

- none of the METACAM piglets changed to a lower rank
- increase of suckling duration



reduced post castration pain and stress?

- COMBINATION: sign. higher number of teats used
  - decrease of suckling duration
  - highest increase of physical activity



impaired coordination (still 6 h after castration) reduced milk intake?

decrease in suckling order stability?

increased post surgery stress?





## Conclusion



Post-castration behaviour must be taken into account when evaluating alternative castration methods, and those with short acting anaesthesia should be preferred.





## Thank you!



"A stable teat order results in a quieter, more contented and productive piglet group"

Ewbank, 1976

- Serumwerke Bernburg AG (Ursotamin®)
- Boehringer Ingelheim GmbH (Metacam<sup>®</sup>)



