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Effects of	lysine on .	Ascaridia	galli infection
	in grow	ver layers	-

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Objectives

- *A. galli* is a widespread nematode of poultry
- Lysine is required for health-related functions
- Parasitized animals might require additional lysine
- Can additional dietary lysine influence infection
- and performance parameters of growing chick?

Material and methods

□Four-week-old female LSL chicks (n=236)

- 2x2 factorial design with
- A. galli infection:
 - Un-infected vs. infected with 250 eggs/chick
- Two Lys levels:
- Normal (8.5 g/kg DM) vs. Higher (10.5 g/kg DM)
- Ad libitum feeding
- □ Infection at 4 w of age, slaughtered 7 w p.i. The L

□ Animals and worm harvest

A. galli infection

Conclusions

affected



□ Infected chicks on normal Lys diet increase

At similar Lys intakes, worm burden is not

Lys is required for defense reactions against

feed intake to consume more Lys

Results

Ascaridia galli infection (Tab. 1)

- Lower infection rate with higher Lys
- No difference in worm burden
- No difference in worm egg excretion

Body weight development (Fig.1.)

- Direct main effects, no interaction;
 - higher Lys increased growth
 - Infection impaired growth

□ Feed and Lys utilization (Tab. 2)

- Interaction effects
 - Infection at normal Lys;
 - increased feed and Lys intake
 - increased feed:gain ratio
 - lowered Lys and protein utilization

Tab. 1. Selected A. galli infection parameters					
	Normal Lys Infected	Higher Lys Infected	P-value		
Infection rate, %	95.2	84.5	0.05		
Total worm burden	3.3±3	4.2±4	0.29		
Faas/a faeces	99±30	45±27	0.18		



Fig. 2. Main effects of diet and infection on body weight (Different letters <u>within</u> each factor indicate significant differences (P<0.05).

Tab. 2. Feed and Lys utilization in the experimental groups

	Normal Lys	Higher Lys Un-infected	Normal Lys Infected	Higher Lys Infected
	Un-infected			
Feed intake, g/chick	2636	2783	3345	2732
Lys intake, g dm/chick	19.9	25.9	25.2	25.4
Feed:gain ratio	3.97ª	4.02°	5.07 ^b	3.96ª
g Lys/100 g weight gain	2.99ª	3.74 ^{bc}	3.82°	3.68 ^b
g CP*/100 g weight gain	63.66ª	65.12°	81.43 ^b	64.21°

*CP: Crude protein. Different letters in the same line_indicate significant differences (P<0.05).