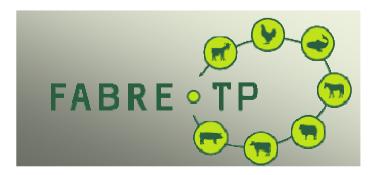


Animals for Tomorrow

D. Boichard







- A 50% increase in human population within 40 years
 - a strong increase in animal products demand, but also a competition with other demands...
 - A need to produce more at the world level, while increase animal production sustainability
 - 3 pillars of sustainability : economic, social, environmental







- At the European level, need to strengthen to face with very strong competition from producers worldwide
- Need for quantity, quality, food safety, in relationship with market demand
 - Sustainability of the labour and farmer's income







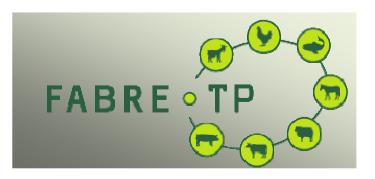
- To produce in the respect of animal welfare and ethics rules
 - Use robust animals
 - Acceptability of technologies







- To limit environmental footprint of animal production (use of energy, land, pollution...)
 - To reduce animal contribution to global change
 - To adapt animal production to global change



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- Need for an overall shared approach
- Across disciplines (classical sciences, biotechnologies, integration)

=> Animal Task Force gathering different platforms

- Across actors : industry, science, public bodies
 - For a common thinking and joint funding
- => A forum : 'Animal Farming for Tomorrow'

to establish priorities





Where should we go ?

- Vision paper (very large and rich)
- Survey conducted by FabreTP targeted to industry and academics
- Many important topics, priorities still to establish over time (strategic, common interest)





Where should we go ?

Breeding objectives should be more and more complex and incorporate :

- Robustness (disease resistance, longevity, flexibility to more diverse production systems)
- Adaptation to market (quality of products)
- Efficiency (input consumption, longevity and reproduction, environmental footprint)
- Adaptation to global change (feeds and nutrition, increase of pathogens, heat tolerance...)





New opportunities (1)

Genomic selection could be more efficient than classical selection

- low heritability traits
- phenotypes concentrated in a reference population
- potentially strong selection pressures
- => Should allow to select more easily on complex traits





New opportunities (2)

New phenotypes possibly available

- new measurement systems (IR, imaging...)
- precision farming (electronic devices), for reproduction, diseases, behaviour, feed consumption...





New opportunities (3)

New genomic tools

- genotyping
- sequencing
- gene expression
- interactions
- system biology





A first set of priorities (1)

Systems biology and gut

- ecological footprint
- genetics and nutrition
- metagenomics of gut flora
- mucosal immunity
- gut diseases





A first set of priorities (2)

Genomic selection and next generation evaluation systems

- Overall efficiency and competitiveness
- Other than dairy cattle
- Multi-population evaluation
- New objectives
- New implementations of breeding programmes
- Selection for each environment ?
- Links with biodiversity





A first set of priorities (3)

- Next generation animal sequencing to meet tomorrow's needs
 - A revolution to Science, with still unknown applications
 - we cannot afford to neglect these opportunities
 - to prepare the relevant infrastructure and their relationships with animal production sector





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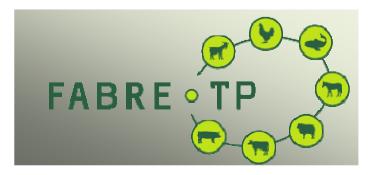




A first set of priorities (4)

Housing – welfare - social interactions

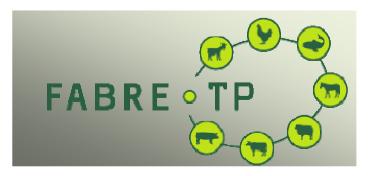
- mostly (but non only) pig and poultry
- prepare the major on-going changes





A first set of priorities (5)

Feed substitution by vegetal ingredients in Aquaculture





Other high-rank discussed priorities

Reproduction

Disease resistance (other than gut related)

Diversification of breeding objectives – new phenotypes







Thank You !



