MODELLING EFFECTS OF SELECTED CANDIDATE GENES ON MILK PRODUCTION TRAITS AS VARIABLE DURING A LACTATION

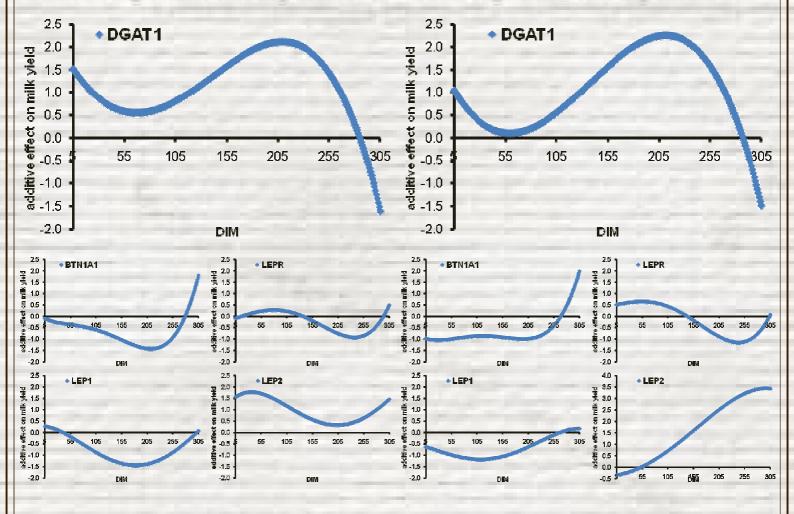
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- MATERIAL: TEST DAY YIELDS FROM 192 JERSEY COWS
- METHODS: MODELLING SNP EFFECTS USING ORTHOGONAL POLYNOMIALS
- ONCLUSIONS: EFFECTS OF SNP ARE NOT CONSTANT DURING LACTATION
- RESULTS

Random regression test day model

Fixed regression test day model



$$y = \mu + td + ca + \sum_{i=0}^{3} \varphi_{i}^{cs} cs_{i} + \sum_{i=0}^{4} \varphi_{i}^{snp} snp_{i} + \sum_{i=0}^{2} \varphi_{i}^{\alpha} \alpha_{i} + \sum_{i=0}^{2} \varphi_{i}^{p} p_{i} + e$$

$$y = \mu + td + ca + \sum_{i=0}^{4} \varphi_i^{snp} snp_i + e$$

y - test day milk yield at 1st lactation; μ - general mean; **td** - test day date; **ca** - calving age class; ϕ_i - i-th coefficient of the orthogonal polynomial on DIM; **cs** - calving season class; **snp** - snp additive effect (within: BTN1A1, DGAT1, LEP, LEPR); **α** - additive polygenic effect $\alpha \sim N(0, I\sigma_{\alpha}^2 \otimes A)$; **p** - permanent environmental effect $p \sim N(0, I\sigma_{\alpha}^2 \otimes I)$;