Paper presented at the 60th Annual Conference of the European Association for Animal Production Barcelona, Spain, 24.-27.8. 2009, Session code G15.08

### Homozygosity mapping of a Weaver-like disorder in Tyrol Grey cattle



Johann Sölkner Birgit Gredler Cord Drögemüller Tosso Leeb



<sup>6</sup> Universität Bern



## Contents

- The Disorder
- Steps in the development of the gene test
  - Homozygosity mapping with cases
  - Refining the region using carriers
  - Developing a marker test
  - Sequencing candidate genes
- The current state
- Conclusions

## The disorder

- First observed in 2003
- Calves lose control over the nervous system of the hind part of the body at 3-5 months of age
- "Dream dancer"
- Very similar to Weaver in Brown Swiss
   Weaver occurs much later in life
  - Locus was excluded by testing
- 31 cases by mid 2008



### First steps

- Meeting in April 2008
- Decided to genotype cases, carriers and some unrelated animals with the Illumina 50k SNP chip
  - -15 cases
  - 15 parents of other cases
  - 8 animals not related to Gusti
  - -21 potential carriers
- Genotypes available Sep 23, 2008

# Homozygosity mapping

• Search for a region of the genome that is homozygous and identical for all cases



Charlier et al, June 2008

#### Chromosome 16



## Chromosome 16

- 77.87 Mb, 1606 SNP
- Polymorphic: 1304
- Homozygous region:
   SNP 719 765
   Mb 36.88 39.75
- Reference haplotype: B A B B A B A B A
  B B A B B B A A B A B A A B B B B B
  A A A B A B A B B B A B B B B B B
  B B A A A B A B A B B

## Carriers

- Check for compatibility with reference haplotype at SNPs 719-765
- Two carriers with shorter compatible region

   one is not compatible at positions 723-725
   one is not compatible at positions 730 and 737
- This narrows the candidate region to SNP 738–764: Mb 38.33-39.61

#### Development of a marker test

- 10 of the 21 "test" animals for which the SNP chip genotyping was performed are suspected carriers
- Use of 4 microsatellite markers in the region. Confirmed all cases and carriers
- Offered for routine testing from Dec 2008

## Search for causative mutation

- Three candidate genes, with function related to nervous system
  - *MFN2* 19 Exons
  - *MTHFR* 12 Exons
  - *TARDBP* 6 Exons
- Sequencing of exons did not uncover a potentially causative mutation

### Search for causative mutation

- Sequencing of less suspicious genes in the area
- Potentially causative mutation found !!!
- Synonymous mutation
  - Callipyge like
- Many more cases, carriers and unrelated animals genotyped, no conflict

### Search for causative mutation

- Living case recovered in June 2009
- Many tests under way to confirm the function of the potentially causative mutation

## Conclusion

- Extremely quick development of a marker test
  - 7 months from decision to search for the genomic region to availability of a routine test
- 5 days of programming work to develop the procedures and find the region
  - longwide.f95, homomap.f95, homochunks16.f95, checkcarrier.f95
- Use of carriers may prove useful to refine the candidate region

## Conclusion

- Frequency of the allele in the population is high (>10% carriers)
- Tyrol Grey assoc. is to decide whether to lift the ban carriers from breeding for particular matings



#### Detective work of Cord Drögemüller; Current state

