# Milk copper concentration – causes of variation and effect on milk flavour



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Spontaneous oxidized flavour (SOF) in cow's milk is a relatively common quality defect that causes significant economic losses to producers and the dairy industry.

SOF in milk was mainly <u>associated with high milk</u> <u>copper conc.</u>, probably acting as prooxidant

High milk copper conc. was in turn mainly found during early stage of lactation

## RESULTS

## **DEVELOPMENT OF SOF**

**Copper concentration** 



*Substrate:* Unsaturated fatty acids act as substrate

Auto-oxidation of unsaturated milk fatty acids

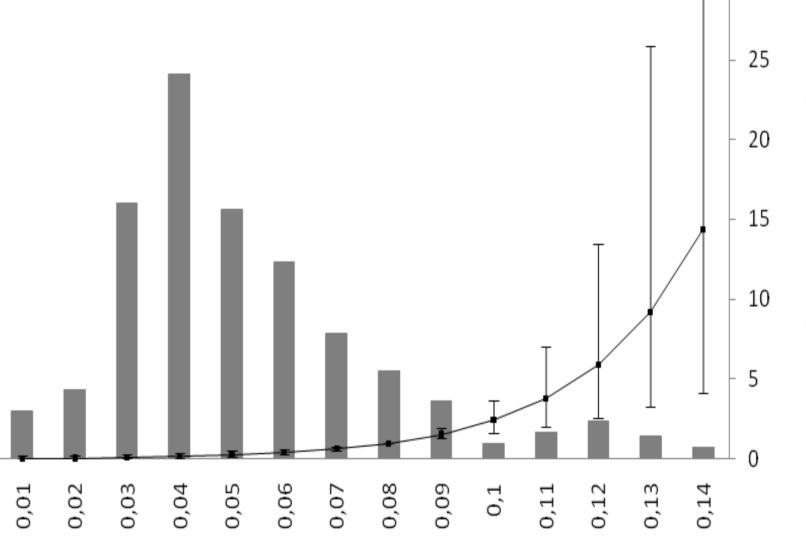
*Prooxidants:* Transition metal ions like copper propagate fat oxidation

0,125 ent 0,115 25 ) 0,105 20 0,095 > 0,085 SOF 0,075 0,065 0,055 0,045 0,035 0,01 0,02 0,03 wk 4-13 wk 14-39 wk 1-3 wk 40-63 Stage of lactation df F-value P-value Trait Stage of lactation 90,66 <,0001 3 Fat, % 20,81 <,0001

3,39

5 1,91

9

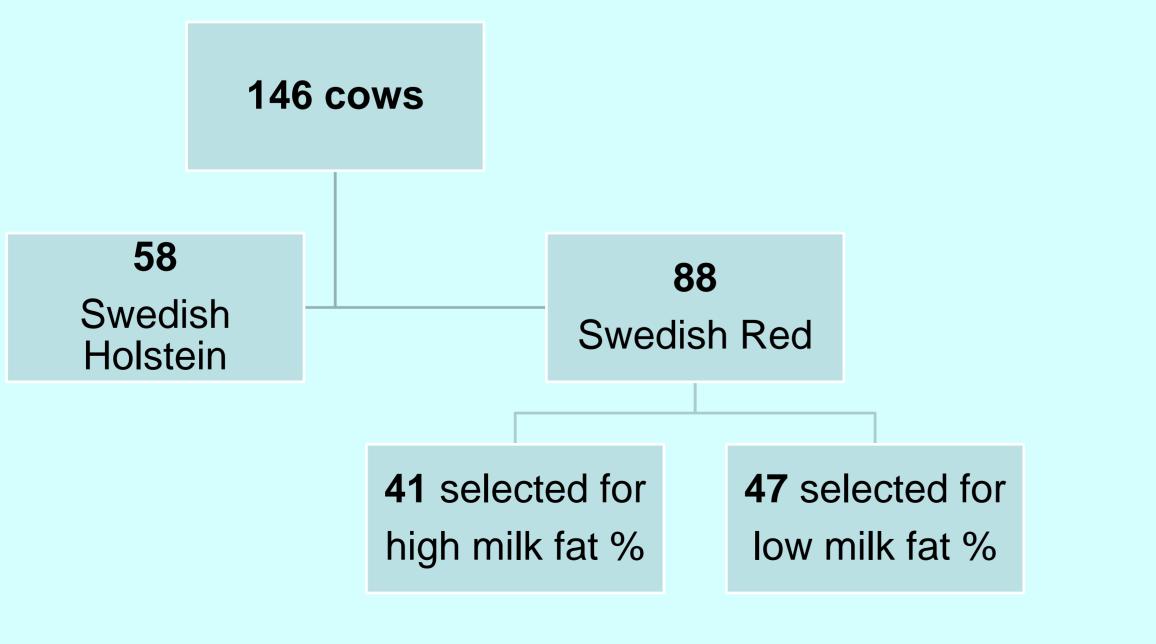


SOF

#### Copper concentration, mg/l

Trait	df	F-value	P-value
Copper, mg/l	1	18.01	<.0001
Stage of lactation	3	3.31	0.0200
Season x year	9	1.82	0.0612
Housing x group	5	1.95	0.0926

## MILK RECORDS



## Copper concentration

Proc Mixed:

Season x year

Housing x group

 $y_{ijklmn} = \mu + sl_i^* + housing x group_{jk} + season x year_{lm} + a_n + e_{ijklmn}$ 

0,0004

0,0603

**STATISTICAL ANALYSIS** 

### □ Oxidative off flavour (SOF)

Proc Glimmix, analysis with a multinomial cumulative logistic model:  $y_{ijklmnop} = \mu + sl_i^* + copper_j + housing x group_{kl} + season x year_{mn} + a_o + e_{ijklmnop}$ 

Altogether 933 monthly milk samples were analysed for fat, protein, lactose, and copper concentration. A taste panel graded each sample as having no, moderate or pronounced off-flavour (SOF).

\*Stage of lactation ( $i = 1, 2 \dots 4$ )

Repeated measures on cow were modeled using the SP(POW) structure, with week of lactation as time variable. The analysis included a relationship matrix.