

# Genetic analysis of veal traits in Austrian dual purpose cattle

C. Fuerst<sup>1</sup>, B. Gredler<sup>2</sup>, M. Kinberger<sup>2</sup>, B. Fuerst-Waltl<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> ZuchtData EDV-Dienstleistungen GmbH, Vienna, Austria

<sup>2</sup> University of Natural Resources and Applied Life Sciences (BOKU), Vienna, Austria

## 1. INTRODUCTION

- veal production important for some breeds in Austria (e.g. Wiener Schnitzel)
- so far only data from slaughtered fattening bulls used in joint German-Austrian genetic evaluation

## 2. OBJECTIVES

- estimate genetic parameters for veal traits for Fleckvieh (Simmental), Braunvieh (Brown Swiss) and Pinzgauer
- implement genetic evaluation for veal traits in Pinzgauer dual purpose cattle in Austria

## 3. DATA

- carcass weight (CW), EUROP carcass conformation score (CCS) and fat score from Austrian slaughter houses
- analyzed traits: net daily gain (NDG) and CCS
- age: 30 to 200 days
- two different data sets per breed: only purebreds (<25% foreign genes) and including crossings with beef breeds
- 2,803 to 11,466 records per data set

### Data characteristics of purebred data sets:

Traits	Fleckvieh	Braunvieh	Pinzgauer
N	5,001	9,594	2,803
NDG (g)	877	843	883
CCS (E=5, P=1)	3.31	2.46	2.58

## 4. MODEL

- multivariate linear AM
- effects: herd\*year, slaughterhouse\*year\*season, sex, birth type, age (L+Q), calf
- parameter estimation: VCE6 (Groeneveld et al., 2008)
- genetic evaluation: MiX99 (Lidauer et al., 2008)
- veal index: 0.5 \* NDG + 0.5 \* CCS

## 5. RESULTS

### 5.1 GENETIC PARAMETERS

#### Heritabilities and genetic correlations:

Breed		$h^2$ NDG	$h^2$ CCS	$r_g$
<b>Fleckvieh</b>	pure	0.13	0.20	0.67
	all	0.26	0.68	0.66
<b>Braunvieh</b>	pure	0.19	0.29	0.46
	all	0.28	0.65	0.67
<b>Pinzgauer</b>	pure	0.24	0.24	0.06
	all	0.30	0.52	0.40

### 5.2 ESTIMATED BREEDING VALUES

#### EBV-correlations with official beef EBVs based on fattening bulls:

Breed	Veal/Beef index	NDG	CCS
<b>Fleckvieh</b>	0.40	0.29	0.48
<b>Braunvieh</b>	0.29	0.21	0.35
<b>Pinzgauer</b>	0.22	0.07	0.34

## 6. SUMMARY

- purebred data: moderate heritabilities for NDG (0.13-0.24) and CCS (0.20-0.29)
- crossbred data: higher heritabilities for NDG (0.26-0.30) and very high for CCS (0.52-0.68)
- higher reliabilities for EBVs based on veal data than official beef EBVs based on bull data for Pinzgauer
- ‘veal-EBVs’ replace ‘bull-EBVs’ for Pinzgauer since August 2009, 14% weight in total merit index
- other breeds will follow



Photo: Kalcher



Wiener Schnitzel: traditional Austrian dish made of veal



Photo: Sendlinger