The 60th Annual Meeting of the European Association for Animal Production

Barcelona, Spain

24-27 August 2009

Session 14

Poster49

Quantitative trait loci for chronic respiratory diseases and immune traits in Landrace purebred swine

T. Okamura^{*1}, H. Kadowaki^{*2}, C. Shibata^{*2}, E. Suzuki^{*2}, T. Awata^{*3}, H. Uenishi^{*3}, T. Hayashi^{*3},

S. Mikawa*3, K. Suzuki*1

¹Graduate School of Agricultural Science, Tohoku University, Sendai 981-8555, Japan

²Miyagi Prefecture Animal Industry Experiment Station, Miyagi 989-6445, Japan

³Genome Research Department, National Institute of Agrobiological Science, 305-8602,

Japan

Objectives

The objective of this study was to identify the quantitative trait loci (QTL) for the lesion score of chronic respiratory disease and immune traits in the population of Landrace purebred swine.

Materials & Methods

Animals

About 1,300 Landrace purebred pigs were used.

This population had been selected over 5 generations at the Miyagi Prefecture Animal Industry Experiment Station. The selection traits were meat production (daily gain from 30 to 105kg of body weight, backfat thickness), litter size, and the lesion score of Mycoplasmal pneumonia of swine in the lung.

Trait information

The lesion score were measured from about 600 pigs after slaughter (see Fig 1.). Immune traits were measured from peripheral blood collected from about 1,300 pigs at age 7wk and at 105 kg body weight (see Table 1.). Some phenotypic values were log-transformed to approximate the normal distribution.

1

Markers

99 microsatellite markers covering all autosome were genotyped on their animals.

The average distance between markers on the sex averaged map was 23.75 cM.

Statistical analysis

- 1. The effect sex, environments and generations were estimated; phenotypic data were corrected using these effects.
- 2. The IBD scores were estimated with the corrected data using MCMC method with LOKI software.
- 3. The variance component and LOD score were estimated using SOLAR program.

Results

Table 2 shows the LOD score and QTL position.

We detected 7 significant QTL and 10 putative QTL.

I'd like to mention 3 points in our results.

First of all, to our knowledge, we first reported QTL for the mycoplasma lesion score on Sus Scrofa Chromosome (SSC) 2 (see Fig2.), and QTL for PA on SSC14 and 5.

Next, the QTL for White Blood Cell at 7weeks and 105kg on SSC2 were detected (see Fig2.). These QTL were detected in a region close to the QTL for white blood cell that was previously identified in pigs (Yang et al. 2008).

Finally, we detected the QTL for Cortisol level at 105kg on SSC7. This QTL was previously identified in pigs (Désautés et al. 2002) and that region harbors the corticosteroid binding globulin gene (Ousova et al. 2004). Therefore, we think the candidate gene of this QTL is CBG gene.

Other candidate genes are currently under investigation.

Conclusion

In conclusion , we detected a total of seven teen QTL for the lesion score of chronic respiratory disease and immune traits in the population of Landrace purebred swine. The results not only confirmed some of the previous reports, but also identified some novel QTL. Moreover , it is the first time that QTL for the mycoplasma lesion score and Pagocytic activity.

References

Yang, S.; Ren, J.; Yan, X.; Huang, X.; Zou, Z.; Zhang, Z.; Yang, B.; Huang, L. (2008) Quantitative trait loci for porcine white blood cells and platelet-related traits in a White Duroc × Erhualian F2 resource population *Animal Genetics, Volume 40, Number 3, June 2009*, pp. 273-278(6)

C. Désautés, J. P. Bidanel, D. Milan, N. Iannuccelli, Y. Amigues, F. Bourgeois, J. C. Caritez,
C. Renard, C. Chevalet and P. Mormède, (2002)
Genetic linkage mapping of quantitative trait loci for behavioral and neuroendocrine stress response traits in pigs *J. Anim. Sci.* 2002. 80:2276-2285

Olga Ousova, Véronique Guyonnet-Duperat, Nathalie Iannuccelli, Jean-Pierre Bidanel, Denis Milan, Carine Genêt, Bastien Llamas, Martine Yerle, Joël Gellin, Patrick Chardon, Agnès Emptoz-Bonneton, Michel Pugeat, Pierre Mormède and Marie-Pierre Moisan Corticosteroid Binding Globulin: A New Target for Cortisol-Driven Obesity *Molecular Endocrinology 18 (7): 1687-1696*

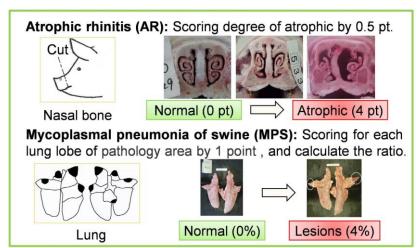


Fig 1. The methods of scoring the lesions of chronic respiratory.

Table 1. Number, Means and SD for the lesion score and immune traits

Traits	Units	7wk			105kg		
ITAILS	Offics	N	Mean	SD	N	Mean	SD
AR	pt		_		639	0.94	0.83
MPS	%		F		630	2.90	5.30
PA	106RLU	1332	4.55	3.10	1318	4.30	3.24
CAPA	OD ₄₁₃	1321	0.37	0.19	1304	0.40	0.23
WBC	no. $\times 10^3$ /mL	1311	1.96	0.47	1304	1.87	0.35
RGL	%	1021	0.73	0.33	1060	0.82	0.58
CORT	μg/dL	700	2.50	1.55	1197	1.21	1.07
AP	titres		8		1304	68.8	83.8

AR: atrophic rhinitis score MPS Mycoplasmal pneumonia of swine score, PA: phagocytic activity CAPA: complement alternative pathway activity WBC: white blood cell number RGL: ratio of granular leukocyte to lymph cells CORT: cortisol level AP: antibody production against sheep red blood cell.

Table 2 . The LOD score and QTL position.

Traits	SSC 3	Position†	LOD score‡	Marker range		h _p ² §	h _q ²¶
AR				SW902	SW2047	0.29	0.10
	4	8	1.68*		SW489		0.09
	6	78	2.02*	SW2406	SW1607		0.17
MPS	2	44	3.60**	SW1650	SW240	0.23	0.20
	12	121	1.42*	SWR1802	S0106	0.23	0.12
PA7wk	14	30	2.59**	SW1125	SWC6	0.16	0.13
CAPA7wk	5	37	1.50*	SW413	SW2425	0.10	0.11
	10	6	1.61*	SW830	SW443		0.07
WBC7wk	2	70	2.91**	SW240	SW2442	0.36	0.07
	4	68	1.59*	S0175	S0214		0.04
	6	125	1.86*	SW1823	SW353		0.04
PA105	5	154	2.22**	S0018	SW995	0.27	0.07
WBC105	2	71	4.09**	SW240	SW2442	0.21	0.09
	3	55	2.93**	SW1443	SW902		0.06
	16	58	1.63*	SWR2080	SW2517		0.06
CORT105	7	177	3.07**	S0212		0.11	0.07
AP	9	109	1.95*	S0119	S0295	0.24	0.06

[†]Map position in Haldane cM

[¶] QTL heritability

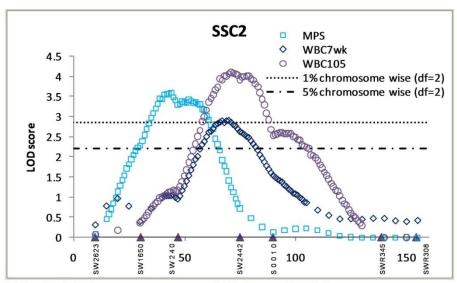


Fig 2. LOD score curves of QTL on SSC2.

[‡]Levels of significance(chromosome level: **P=0.01,*P=0.05)

[§] Polygene heritability