

# The Olkuska sheep - a case study of a successful conservation programme

Elżbieta Martyniuk

Department of Animal Genetics and Breeding, Warsaw University of Life Sciences, Poland

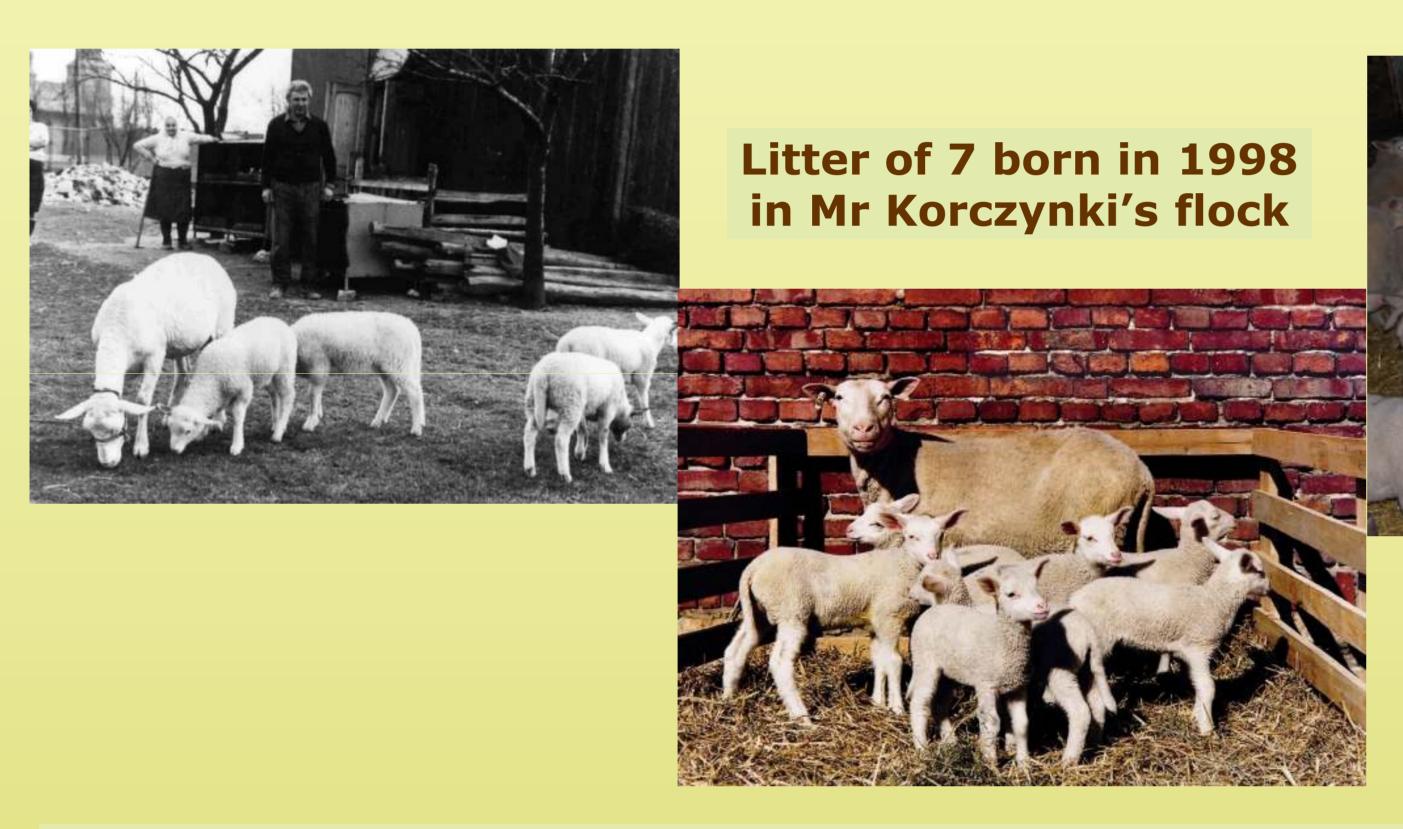


**Private sector** 

#### A HISTORY OF THE OLKUSKA SHEEP BREED

The Olkuska sheep is the native Polish long-wool breed, traditionally kept in the southern region of the country, near Olkusz and Cracow. The breed was created on the basis of the local primitive long-wool stock, upgraded with Pomeranian sheep since the early 1930s; after the World War II, the Romney Marsh rams were introduced to improve wool yield and wool quality.

Traditionally Olkuska sheep were kept at small private farms, in flocks of a few heads only. In the 1950s Olkuska sheep population accounted for 10.000 heads; since 1960s, the number kept decreasing, reaching only about 200 heads in the early 1980s. Over the next ten years the population size dropped to about 100 ewes; in this critical time flocks belonging to Cracow and Warsaw Agricultural Universities were the ones that ensured the survival of this breed.



Year		Number of flocks		Number of flocks						
1991	33	2	40	5						
1992	53	5	8	3						
1993	80	6	8	3						
1994	71	5	9	3						
1995	60	3	11	3						
1996	87	3	13	3						
	Number	Number of flocks								
1997	5	8	5							
1998	7	9	5							
1999	8	9	5							
2000	10	)1	6							
2003	14	14	9							
2004	17	<b>'</b> 4	11							
Data from the National Research Institute										
of Animal Production										
2005	19	8	12							
2006	25	59	17							
2007	30	)5	19							
2008	45	6	29							
New flocks enrolled to the programme										
2009	17	0	16							

**Public sector** 

Table 1. Population size of Olkuska sheep in 1991-2008

(data from the Central Animal Breeding Office, the Polish Association of Sheep Breeders and the National Research Institute of Animal Production).

### **OLKUSKA PERFORMANCE**

The main feature of the breed is its exceptional prolificacy, well over 200%, with the wide range of litter size, from 1 to 7, resulting from the segregation of a putative major gene increasing ovulation rate.

The high litter size of Olkuska sheep is combined with early pubescence, and a very good maternal ability based on the high milk yield.

# **CONSERVATION PROGRAMME**

Olkuska sheep was included in the conservation programme supported from state budget since 90-thies, but incentives were not sufficient to achieve expected progress.

The introduction of conservation measures for endangered local livestock breeds within agri-environmental programme in 2005 resulted in a renewed interest in native breeds and establishment of a number of new flocks of Olkuska sheep. Since then, the population has been increasing rapidly.

	RAMS									
EWES	OWN	FOR SALE FROM ŻELAZNA FLOCK					REPLACEMENT			
	FLOCK			ŽEL	ŽELAZNA					
	1000057	755-001	1000057	1000057	1000057	1000057	1000057	1000057		
	6516-1	-4403	6514-7	6525-3	6666-3	6680-9	6674-8	6664-9		
	2006	2004	2006	2006	2007	2007	2007	2007		
Ewes born in 2006 – OWN FLOCK										
100005765345	0.1418	0.5534	0.1463	0.4283	0.1896	0.2289	0.1771	0.1896		
100005765352	0.1887	0.1787	0.2099	0.1843	0.1482	0.3588	0.2318	0.1482		
100005765383	0.1834	0.5686	0.2132	0.3479	0.2181	0.2733	0.1849	0.2181		
100005765444	0.1298	0.2990	0.1490	0.2147	0.1726	0.2046	0.2896	0.1726		
100005765451	0.1298	0.2990	0.1490	0.2147	0.1726	0.2046	0.2896	0.1726		
100005765338	0.1418	0.5534	0.1463	0.4283	0.1896	0.2289	0.1771	0.1896		
Ewe-lambs born in 2008 - OWN FLOCK										
100007432115	0.5603	0.3465	0.2445	0.2956	0.1643	0.2051	0.1564	0.1643		
100007432177	0.5603	0.3465	0.2445	0.2956	0.1643	0.2051	0.1564	0.1643		
100007432160	0.5759	0.3532	0.2759	0.2547	0.1777	0.2262	0.1595	0.1777		
100007432153	0.5770	0.1583	0.2729	0.1722	0.1420	0.2664	0.1814	0.1420		
Ewe-lambs born	in 2008 - 1	from ZELA	ZNA FLO	CK sold to	the breed	er				
100007619806	0.1970	0.2580	0.2322	0.2243	0.1625	0.3993	0.2123	0.1625		
100007619813	0.1645	0.2970	0.2412	0.2206	0.3598	0.2291	0.2349	0.3598		
100007619820	0.1645	0.2970	0.2412	0.2206	0.3598	0.2291	0.2349	0.3598		
100007619875	0.1799	0.1675	0.2242	0.1878	0.1558	0.3585	0.1730	0.1558		
100007619905	0.1537	0.3636	0.1819	0.5857	0.1812	0.2047	0.2081	0.1812		
100007619929	0.1872	0.1930	0.2344	0.1715	0.1614	0.2015	0.1741	0.1614		
100007619936	0.1872	0.1930	0.2344	0.1715	0.1614	0.2015	0.1741	0.1614		
100007619943	0.2629	0.2110	0.5879	0.2780	0.1633	0.2115	0.2601	0.1633		

Table 2. Flock of a private breeder: relationship coefficient of ewes and ewe-lambs with rams offered for sale from Żelazna flock.

# SERVICE PROVIDED FOR BREEDERS

As the population of Olkuska sheep went through a prolonged bottle-neck period, there is a need to control inbreeding level and provide breeders with sound and timely advice on exchange of the breeding stock, mainly rams.

Since 2006, the Zelazna flock, belonging to the Warsaw University of Life Sciences is providing breeders willing to purchase their breeding stock with information on relationship of their ewes with rams that are offered for sale. Thanks to the data obtained from the National Research Institute of Animal Production, the pedigree database was created that covers the entire population of the breed.

In future, in cooperation with the Sheep Breeders Association, two other leading flocks, of Cracow Agricultural University, and belonging to the private breeder, Mr Korczynski, should be also able to provide such service.