

Country profiles regarding the use of imported dairy bulls

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Interbull: the worldwide network providing genetic information services for improvement of livestock

Interbull Ultimate Goal

Facilitate INTERNATIONAL FAIR TRADE of cattle genetics:

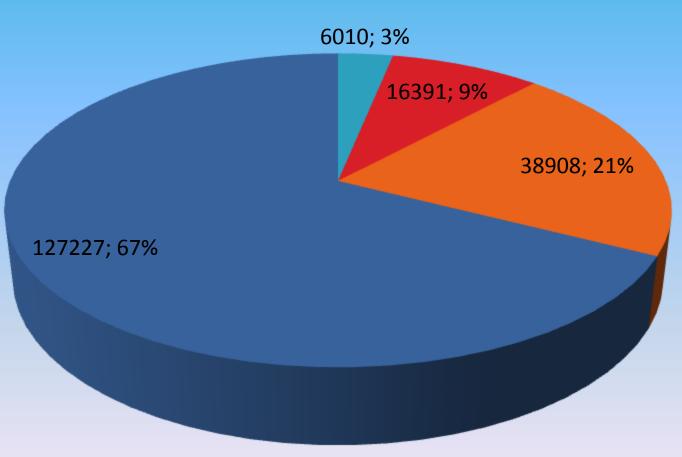
Interbull Members



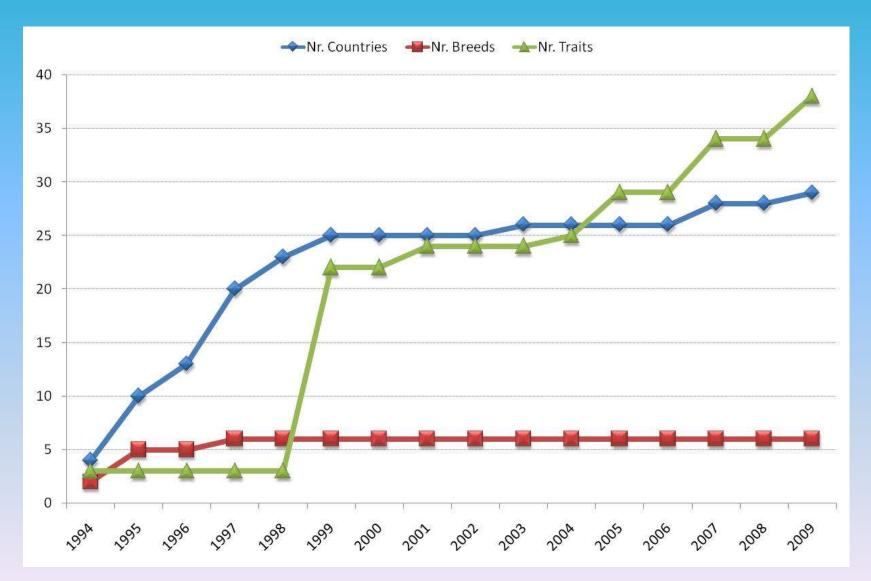
Distribution of Bulls Evaluated by Interbull According to Country (2009, all breeds) Japan South Africa _Israel Australia _ 2%_ 0% 1% 4% New Zealand 5% Germany-Austria Canada 20% 5% DFS **United States** 16% Belgium_ 0% Latvia. 0% Estonia. France 0% 9% Slovenia. 1% Slovak_ Netherlands Republic Íreland_ 6% Norway 1% Italy 1% Switzerland. 5% 29 Czech Spain_ 1% Republic Switzerland 1% Hungary_ Poland United Kingdom 1% 3% 3% 3%

Distribution of Bulls Evaluated by Interbull According to Region in 2009 (188 536 bulls, all breeds)

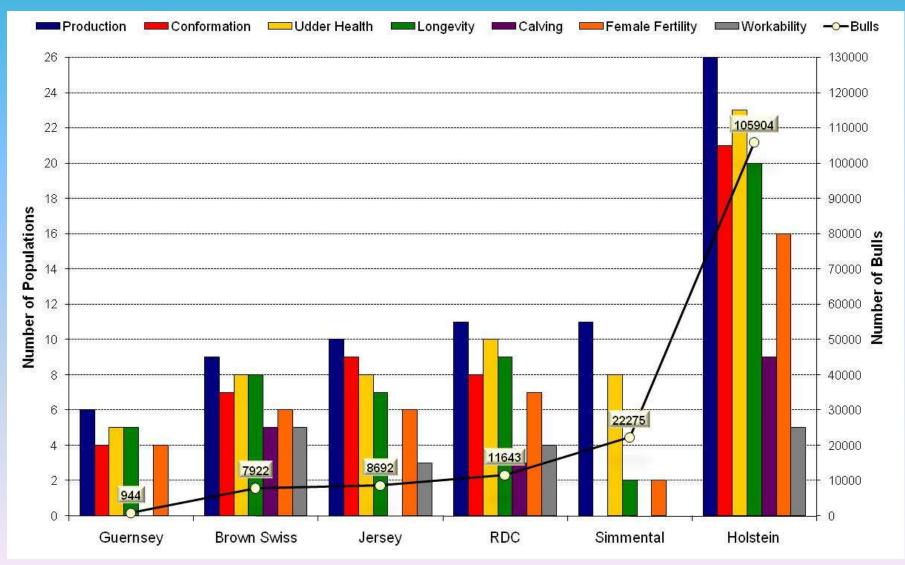
🔲 Other 📕 Oceania 📕 North America 🔳 Europa



Evolution of populations and traits at Interbull



Number of populations and bulls per breed-trait combination



Difficulties for international trade

- Genotype X Environment Interaction
- Common ground for comparisons
- Exporting vs. Importing countries interests
- Range of trait definitions, modeling, assumptions
- ALL STILL EXIST WITH GENOMICS!

Difficulties for international trade vs. Interbull contribution

- Genotype X Environment Interaction
 - MACE: evaluate same animals in different scales
- Common ground for comparisons
 - National evaluations only assess performances within country
- Exporting vs. Importing countries interests
 - Need for a neutral evaluation
- Range of trait definitions, modeling, assumptions
 - Standardization and validation

Interbull International Genetic Evaluations

- Summary of the operation
 - 29 countries
 - 73 populations
 - 6 different dairy breeds
 - 38 different traits
- Most of the international trading of dairy genetics refers to animals that have been evaluated at Interbull in order to be marketed in several countries.
- Multi-country pedigree file at Interbull is one of the most complete sources of information in global animal breeding of any species.

Materials & Methods

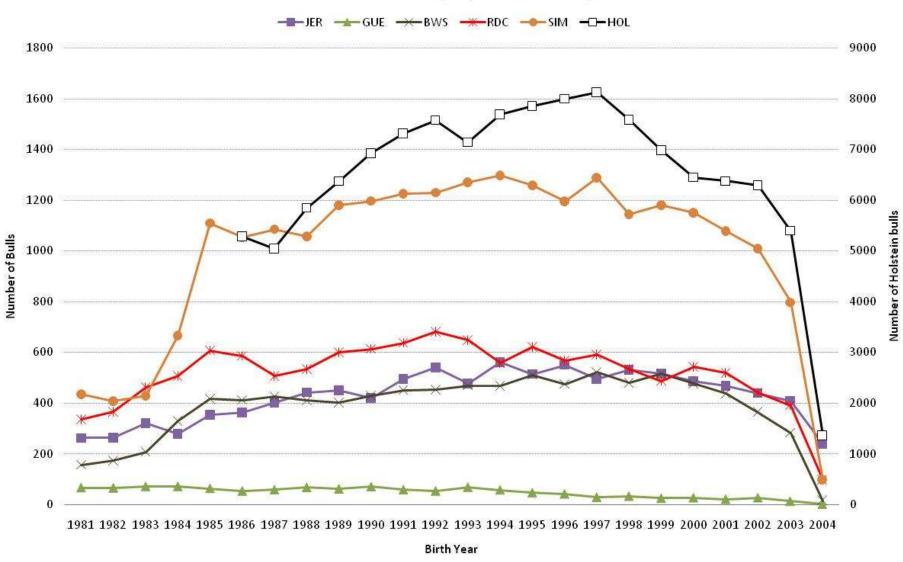
- Analysis of both importing and exporting countries profiles from Interbull pedigree
- 180 617 bulls with official national evaluations in January 2009 run
- 37 256 identified as foreign bulls by the reporting country
 - same bull may have been reported by different importing countries
- 20.6% of dairy bulls worldwide are imported
- Cluster analysis was applied in data from six dairy breeds to group countries according to two criteria:
 - ratio between number of imported bull by country of origin and total number of bulls reported
 - ratio between number of imported bulls by country of origin and total number of imported bulls

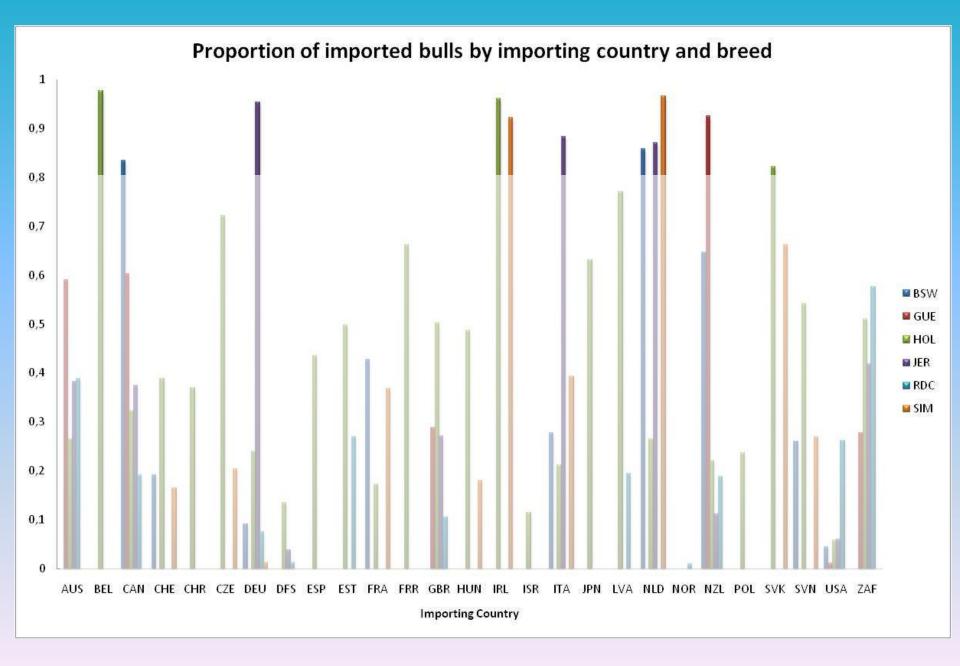
INTERBULL

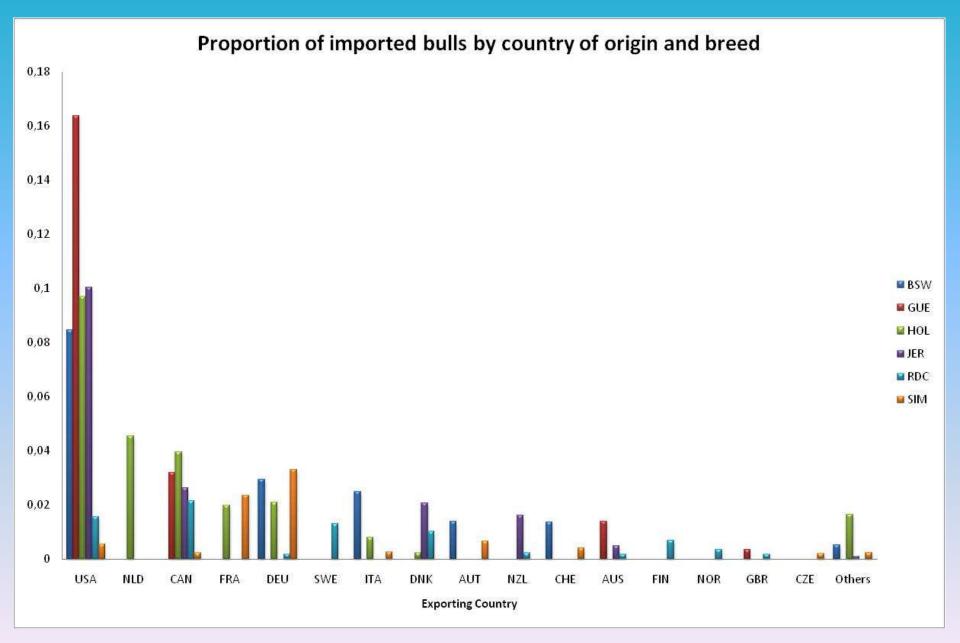
Data included in the study

Breed	Total number of bulls	Total number of imported bulls	% Imported bulls
Brown Swiss	9279	1590	17.1
Guernsey	1160	247	21.3
Holstein	123619	30777	24.9
Jersey	10269	1737	16.9
Red Dairy Cattle	12438	966	7.8
Simmental	23852	1939	8.1

Bulls included in the study by breed and year of birth



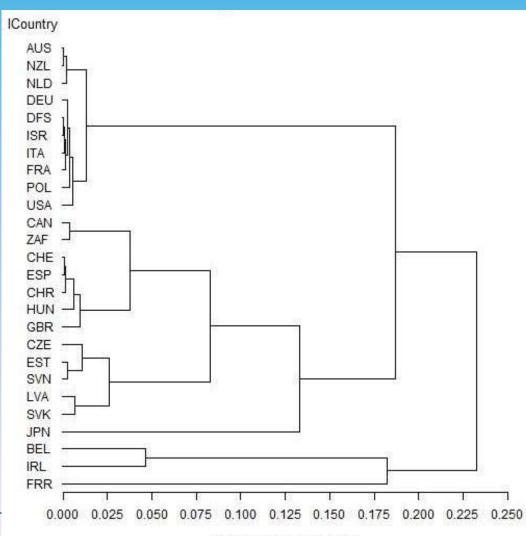




HOLSTEIN



Cluster analysis: imported HOL bulls per country/total number of HOL bulls

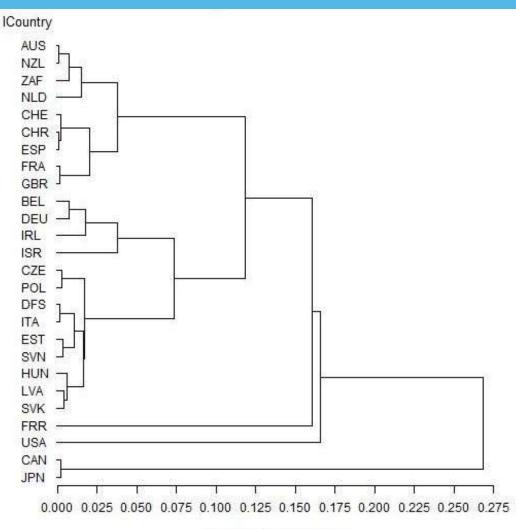


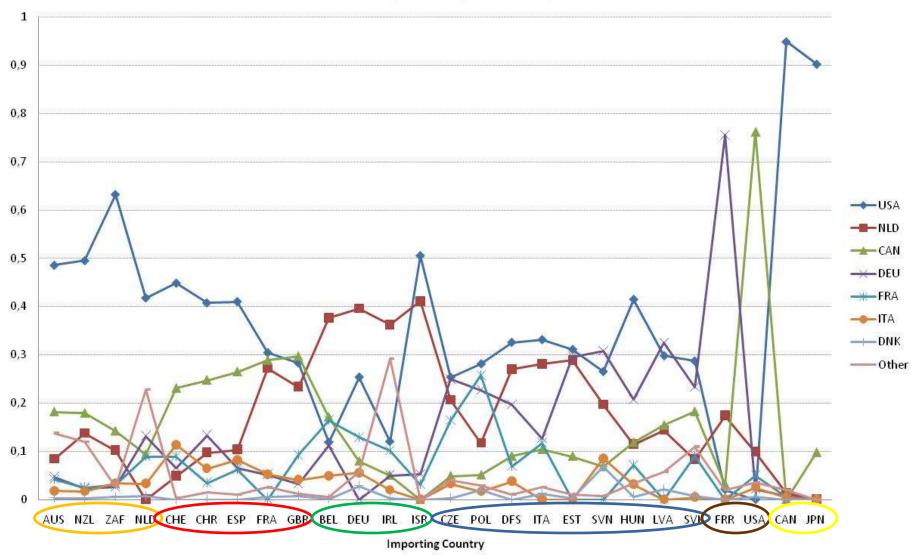
1 0,9 0,8 0,7 🖬 Other 0,6 DNK ITA 🖬 0,5 FRA DEU 0,4 CAN NLD NLD 0,3 USA USA 0,2 0,1 0 AUS NZL NLL DEU DES ISR ITA FRA POL USA CAN ZAF CHE ESP CHR HUN GBROCZE EST SVN LVA SVK JPN BEL IRL FRR Importing Country

Proportion of imported Holstein bulls by country of origin



Cluster analysis: imported HOL bulls from a given origin/total number imported HOL bulls



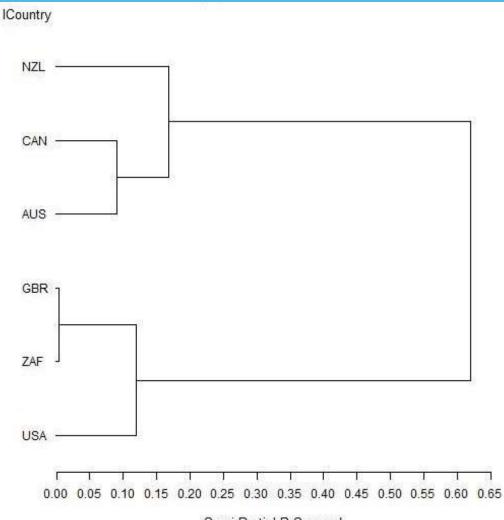


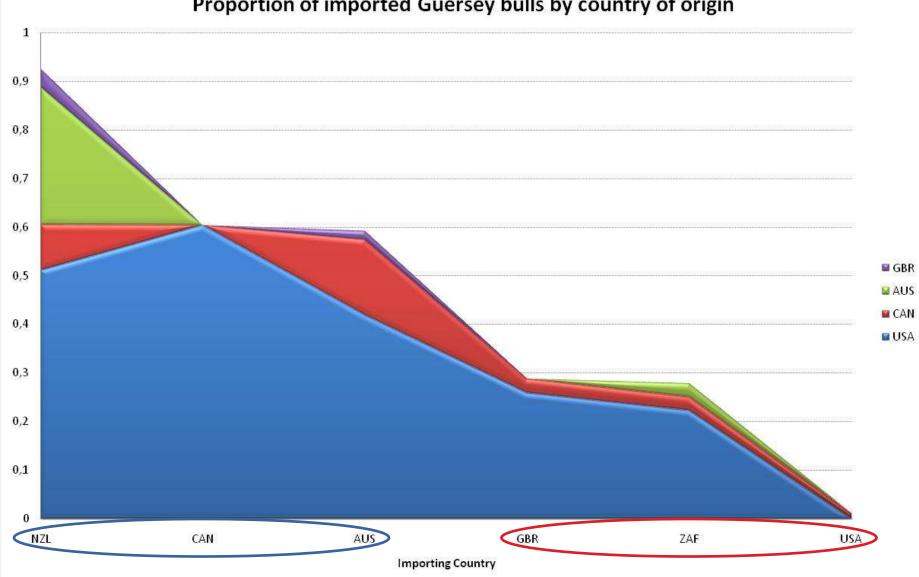
Market share of country of origin for imported Holstein bulls

GUERNSEY



Cluster analysis: imported GUE bulls per country/total number of GUE bulls

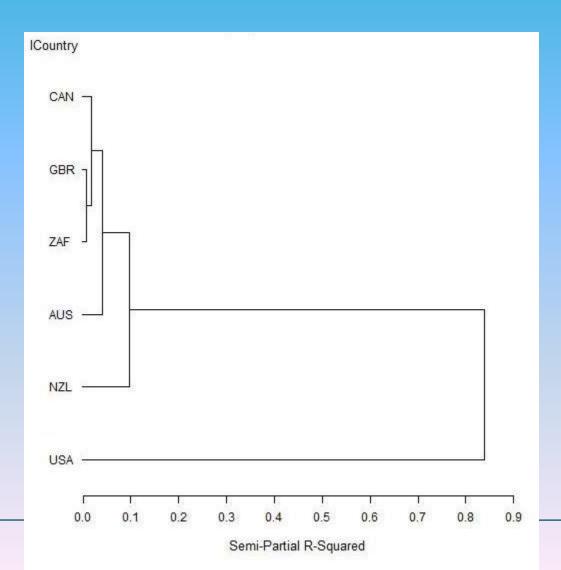


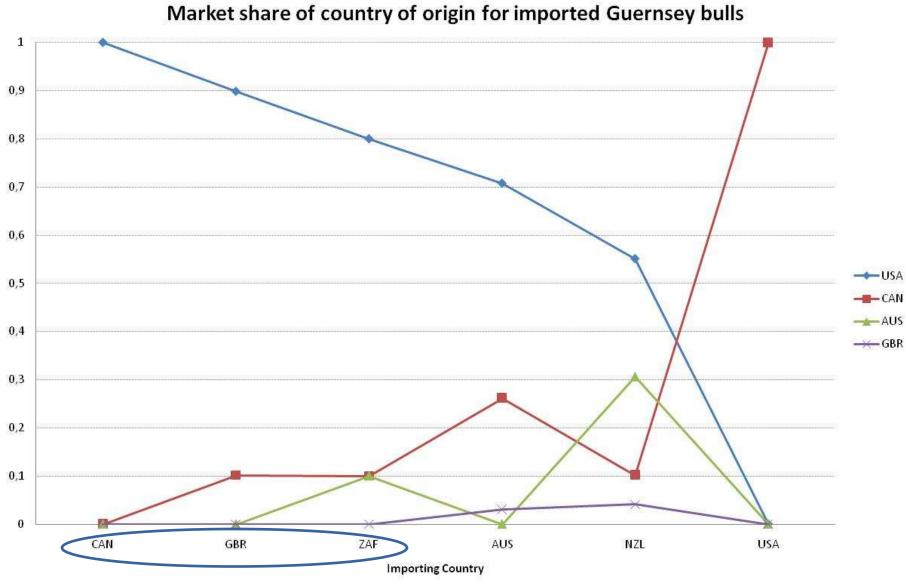


Proportion of imported Guersey bulls by country of origin



Cluster analysis: imported GUE bulls from a given origin/total number imported GUE bulls

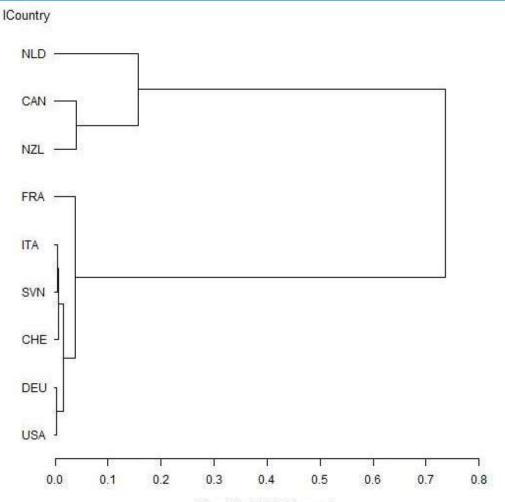




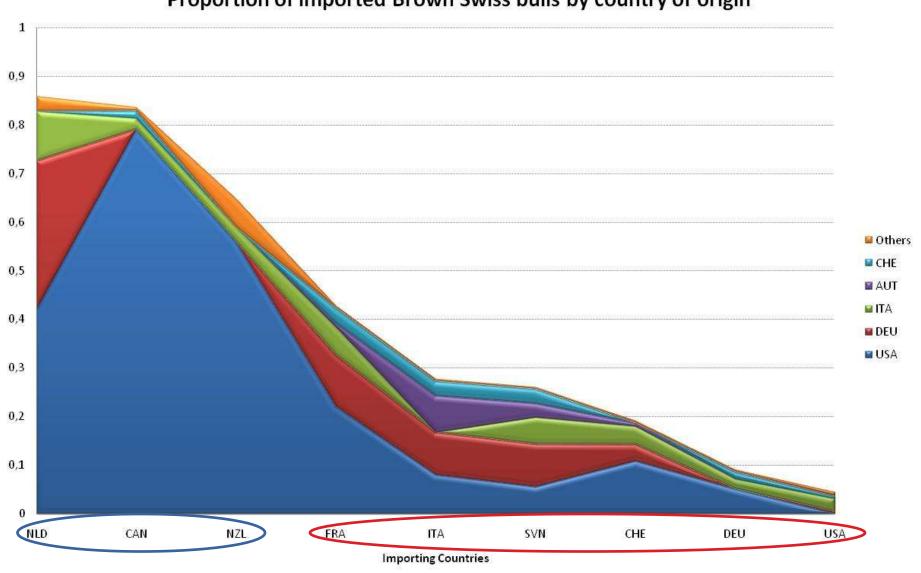
BROWN SWISS



Cluster analysis: imported BSW bulls per country/total number of BSW bulls



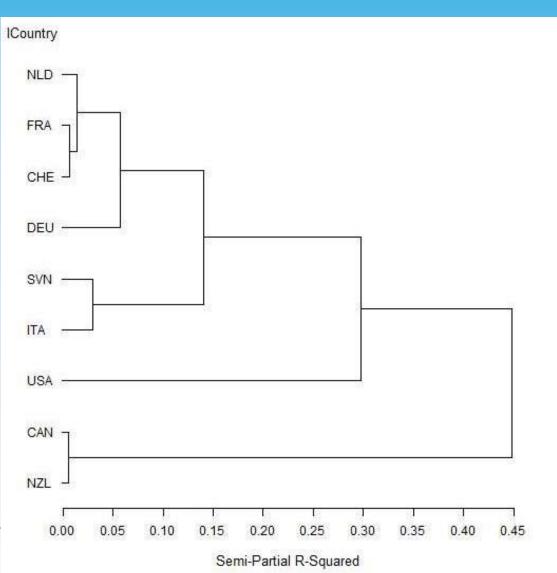
Semi-Partial R-Squared



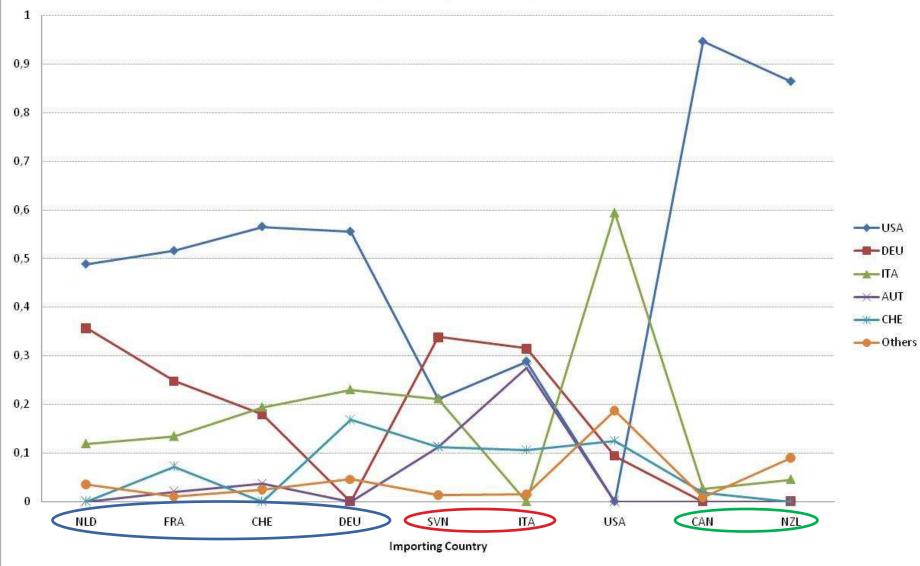
Proportion of imported Brown Swiss bulls by country of origin



Cluster analysis: imported BSW bulls from a given origin/total number imported BSW bulls



30

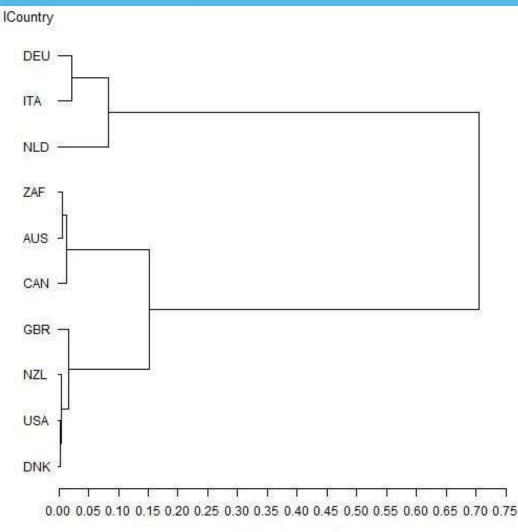


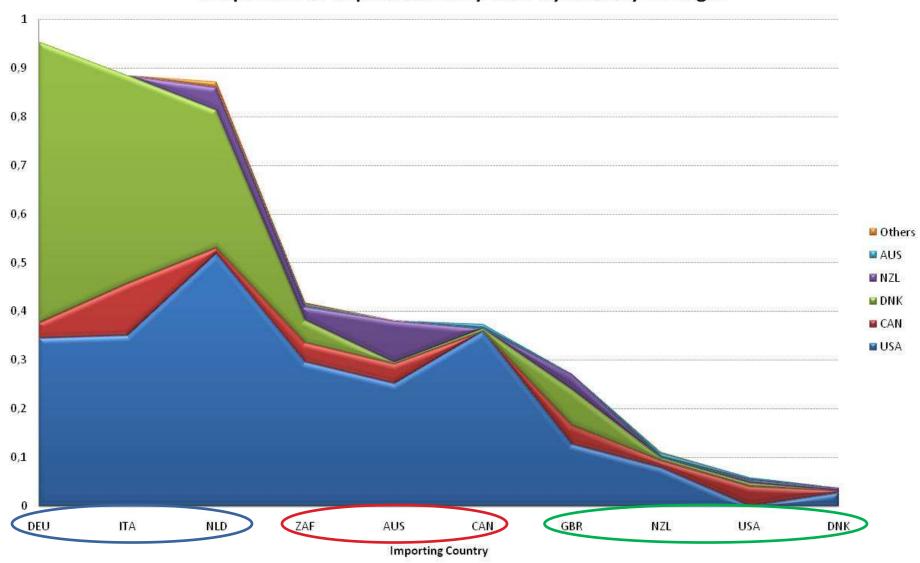
Market share of country of origin for imported Brown Swiss bulls

JERSEY



Cluster analysis: imported JER bulls per country/total number of JER bulls

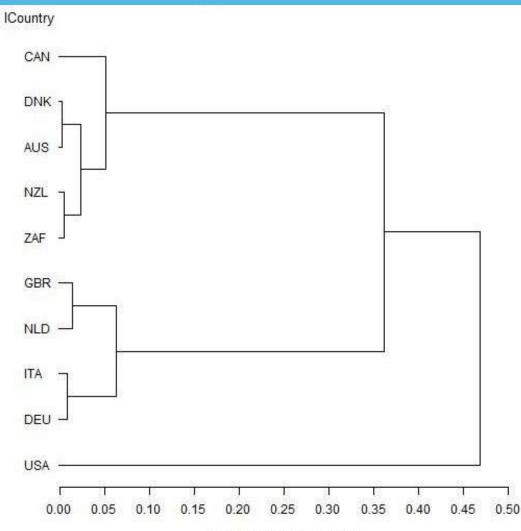


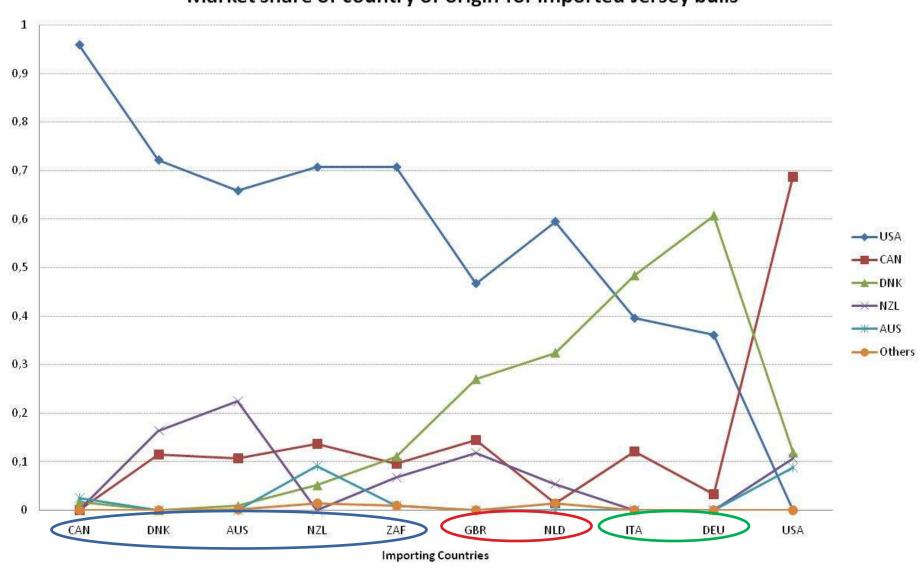


Proportion of imported Jersey bulls by country of origin



Cluster analysis: imported JER bulls from a given origin/total number imported JER bulls



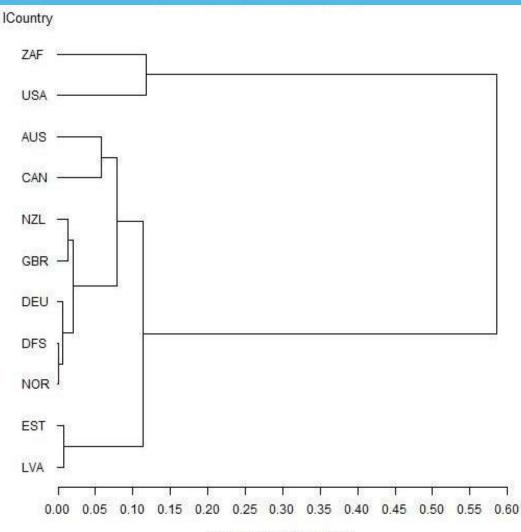


Market share of country of origin for imported Jersey bulls

RED DAIRY CATTLE

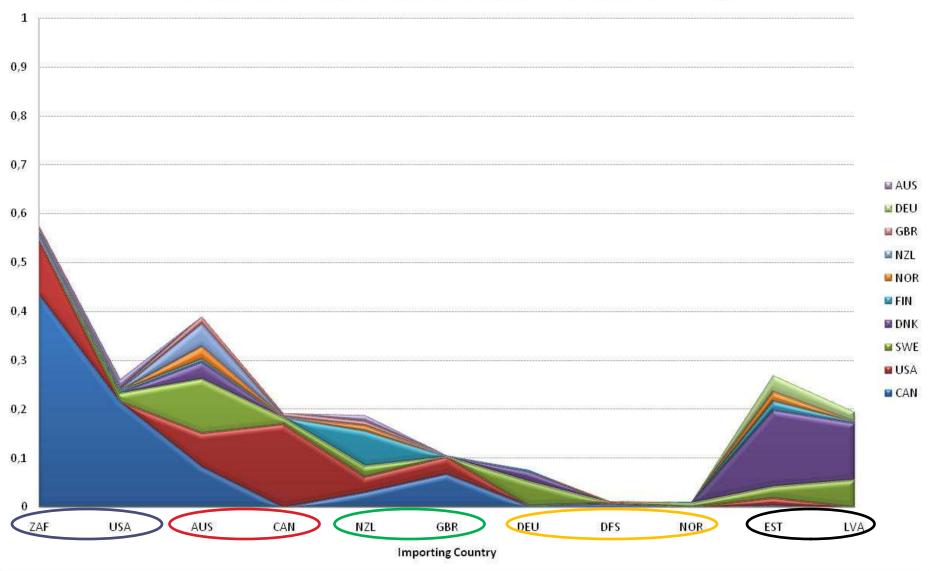


Cluster analysis: imported RDC bulls per country/total number of RDC bulls



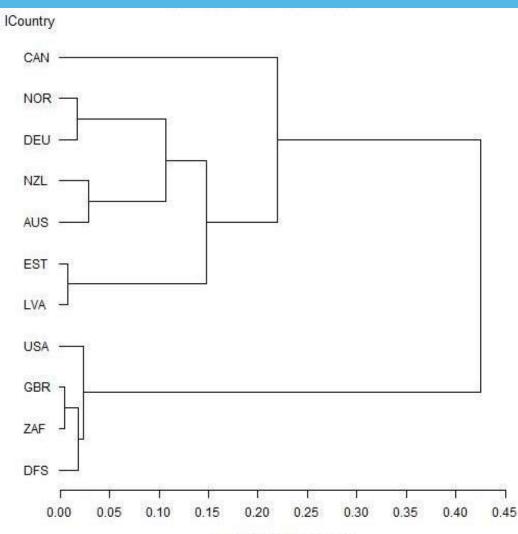
Semi-Partial R-Squared

Proportion of imported Red Dairy bulls by country of origin

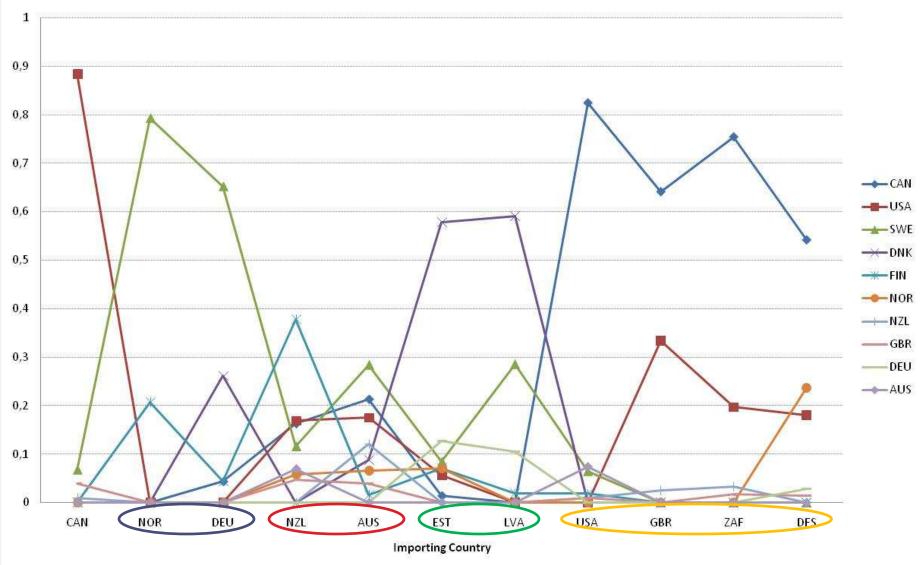




Cluster analysis: imported RDC bulls from a given origin/total number imported RDC bulls



Semi-Partial R-Squared

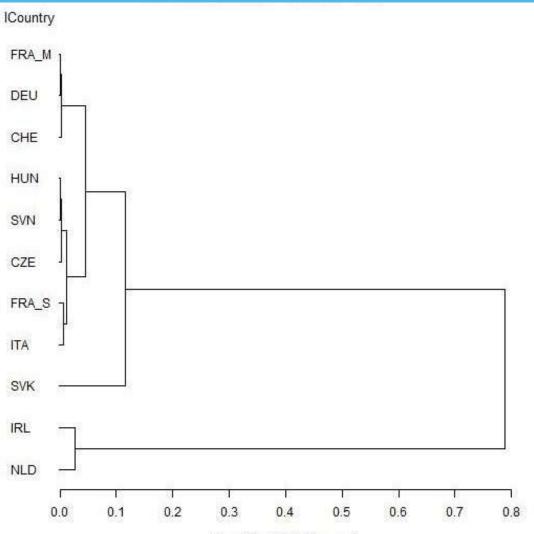


Market share of country of origin for imported Red Dairy bulls

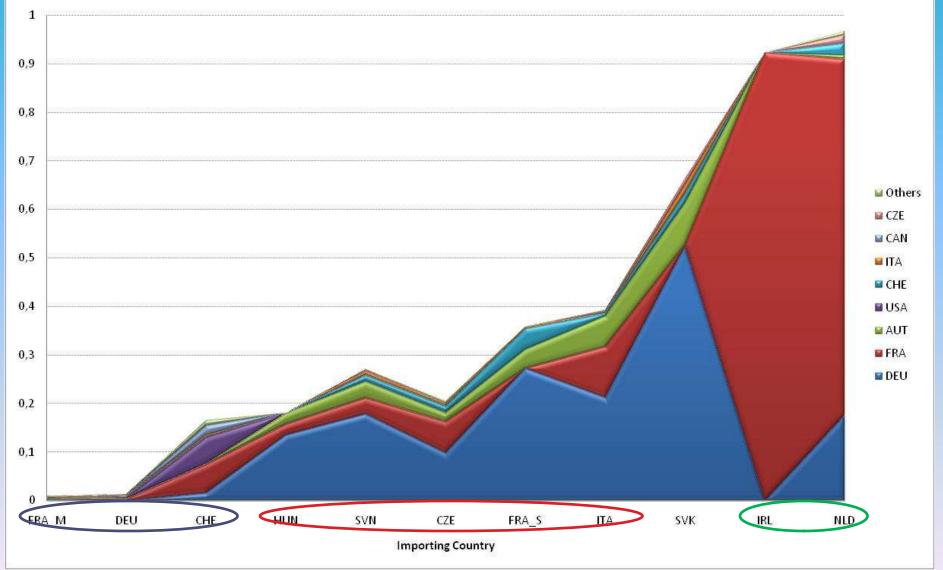
SIMMENTAL



Cluster analysis: imported Simmental bulls per country/total number of Simmental bulls

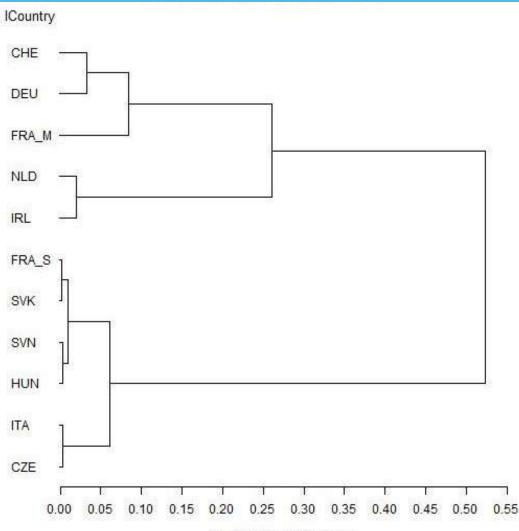




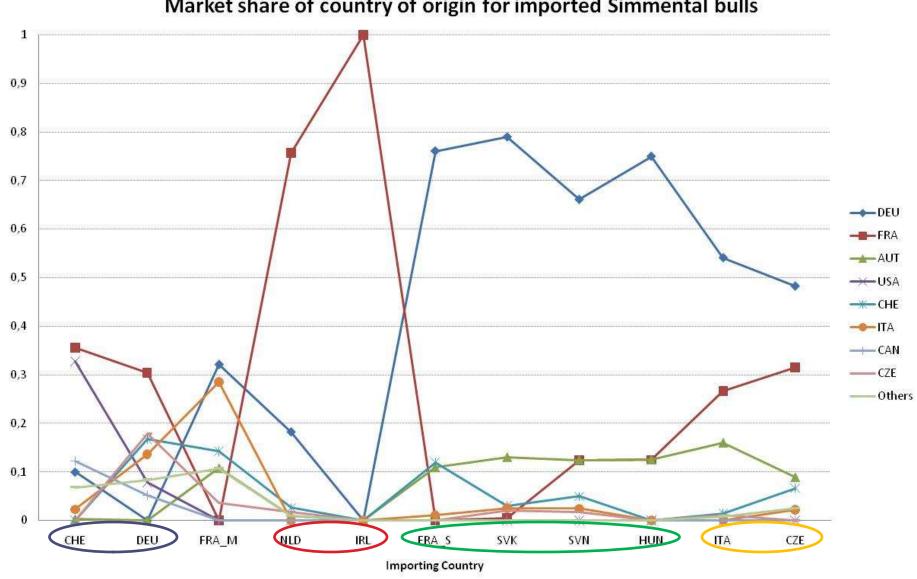




Cluster analysis: imported Simmental bulls from a given origin/total number imported Simmental bulls



Semi-Partial R-Squared



Market share of country of origin for imported Simmental bulls

Conclusions

- Methodology allowed clear distinction between heavy, medium and small importers and also indicated the country profiles regarding the preferred origin of the imports.
- Red dairy breeds practice the lowest amount of trading (7.8%), while Holstein is the breed with the largest proportion of imported bulls (24.9%)
- USA are consistently the largest exporters of dairy genetics across all but Simmental and the red breeds, followed by the Netherlands, Canada, Germany and France
- Heavy importers (more than 80% of imported bulls in at least one breed) were Belgium, Canada, Germany, Ireland, Italy, the Netherlands, New Zealand and Slovakia
- Groups created by the cluster analysis showed that importing country profile is influenced by region and production system.

Country profiles regarding the use of imported dairy bulls

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