



FEDERACIÓN ESPAÑOLA DE ASOCIACIONES DE GANADO SELECTO

IMPORTANCE OF THE LOCAL BREEDS WITHIN THE CONTEXT OF SPAIN

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INTRODUCTION

The Spanish territory enjoys a great diversity which can be explained by several factors. Its large surface and unique position allow it to receive the important influence of the Cantabrian and Mediterranean Seas on one hand, and the Atlantic Ocean on the other. All these elements have resulted in numerous ecosystems with a rich variety of livestock breeds. The lack of attention given to local breeds throughout the past decades has led to many of them being in danger of extinction; some of them have even disappeared already. At present, the situation has begun to change, in spite of the difficulties that affect the sector. Thankfully, there is a better knowledge and more appreciation of the potential of Spanish local breeds. Consequently, top quality products are able to be produced under natural conditions. Better results with some Spanish local breeds have been achieved due to the implementation of the new strategies. Currently, the success obtained with some of these breeds constitutes a path which can be followed and applied to the rest of them to improve their production and condition.

















Cattle Breed

Rubia Gallega Cattle Breed

Manchega **Sheep Breed**

Sheep Breed

Malagueña Goat Breed

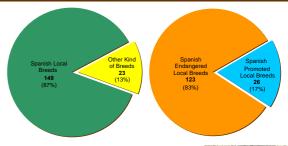
Murciano-Granadina Goat Breed

Pig Breed

Purebred Spanish Horse Breed

LOCAL LIVESTOCK BREEDS

Of the 177 breeds currently included in the Official Catalogue of Livestock Breeds of Spain, 149 belong to the group of local breeds, this large set representing just over 84% of all breeds in our country. This is very important for several reasons. On the one hand, it demonstrates the richness and genetic variability present in Spain. And, on the other hand, it contributes developing many of the most disadvantaged areas which are close linked to these animal populations. Also, within the group of Spanish local breeds there are two different groups: the Spanish Promoted Local Breeds and the Spanish Endangered Local Breeds. The first one, apart from other things, has got enough census and infrastructure to develop a breeding program and it represents 17% of the Spanish local breeds. And the second one, with lower census, generally located in a punctual area of the country and a conservation program in place, accounting for 83% remaining within the overall Spanish breeds.





















Bruna Pirineos **Cattle Breed**

Alistana Sanabresa **Cattle Breed**

Churra Tensina **Sheep Breed**

Montesina **Sheep Breed**

Blanca Celtibérica **Goat Breed**

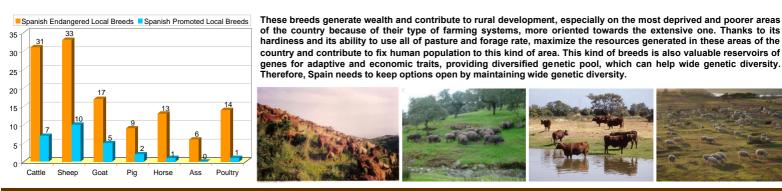
Negra Serrana Goat Breed

Cabalo Galelo **Horse Breed**

Zamorano-Leonés Ass Breed

Utrerana Chicken **Breed**

IMPORTANCE OF LOCAL BREEDS



genes for adaptive and economic traits, providing diversified genetic pool, which can help wide genetic diversity. Therefore, Spain needs to keep options open by maintaining wide genetic diversity.







STEPS TO BE FOLLOWED











Among the different strategies to be implemented by each of these breeds, the development carried out by some of them represents a clear example/model to be followed for those which have begun their organization later years, or have had over the years more kinds of constraints. A clear example is found in the Iberian pig breed, which, thanks in part to an excellent marketing strategy, it has demonstrated the differential quality of their meat, boosted by its very special farming system it has managed to improve the situation faced by this breed some years ago. Other clear examples can be found in breeds like the Rubia Gallega Cattle breed, the Murciano-Granadina goat breed, the Purebred Spanish horse breed, etc., which started to show their potential and quality of their products many years ago in Spain and abroad.