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THE GENOTYPE FOR COAT COLOUR GENES AS A CRITERION IN THE DESIGN OF SEMEN BANKS IN THE JACA NAVARRA BREED

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SEMEN BANKS

➤ Advantages

- ✓ Low storage requirements
- ✓ Enlarge generation interval
- ✓ Reduce genetic drift $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Delta F \\ \text{Loss of diversity} \end{array} \right.$
- ✓ Avoid adaptation to captivity

Function \Rightarrow genetic reservoir

- ✓ Population back up**
 \Rightarrow reconstitution in case of extinction

- ✓ Modify the evolutionary trends**
 \Rightarrow reverse natural or artificial selection

- ✓ Reinforce management of living population**
 \Rightarrow increase the population size

OBJECTIVE

(main)

- ✓ Maximise the genetic information stored in the bank

CRITERION

- ✓ Contributions proportional to coancestry

$$\min \quad \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N c_i c_j f_{ij}$$

N : no. candidate donors

c_i : contribution of donor i

f_{ij} : coancestry between individuals i and j

Sometimes ...

... genetic trait to maintain/avoid

- Unknown genes
 - ✓ Use of phenotypes

- Known genes
 - ✓ Control of the allelic frequencies

$$\min \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\left(\sum_{j=1}^N c_j g_{ij} \right) - q_i \right]^2$$

OF EF

s. a. level of global coancestry in the bank

divergence of solution

diversity

N : no. candidate donors

c_j : contribution of donor i

f_{kl} : coancestry between individuals i and j

n : no. alleles in the controlling locus

g_{ij} : % of gametes with allele i produced by individual j

q_i : desired frequency for allele i

Fernández et al. (2006)

HORSE'S COAT COLOUR

- ✓ Controlled by MC1R and ASIP
- ✓ Dominant allele and one or two recessives



A _	a a
E _	bay black
e e	chestnut chestnut



JACA NAVARRA

➤ Spanish pony / Cantabrian-Pyrenean group

➤ Bred for meat

✓ Only bay animals accepted

Chestnut and
black culled

Recessive
carriers avoided

STRATEGIES

- ✓ Only dominant alleles **D**
⇒ Same as in living populations

- ✓ Only recessive alleles **r**
⇒ Keep diversity from culled animals

- ✓ Original frequencies **O**

RESTRICTIONS

- ✓ Different levels of global coancestry

DATA

- ✓ Stud book with 793 horses
 - ⇒ few known generations / low coancestry values
- ✓ 23 available and genotyped stallions

Locus A

Strategy	Restr.	No. don.	Global f	Frec. dom.	Frec. rec.	Max. %
D	NO	12	0.05	1.00	0.00	9.4
D	< 0.04	17	0.04	0.96	0.04	8.7
D	< 0.03	22	0.03	0.84	0.16	6.9
D	< 0.01	22	0.03	0.71	0.29	5.4
R	NO	2	0.25	0.00	1.00	50.0
R	< 0.10	11	0.10	0.20	0.80	30.1
R	< 0.05	18	0.05	0.36	0.63	15.6
R	< 0.01	22	0.03	0.70	0.30	5.6
O	NO	22	0.03	0.72	0.28	5.5
O	< 0.01	22	0.03	0.71	0.29	5.4

SUMMARISING ...

- Awkward results for extreme strategies
 - ✓ alleles at low frequencies
- Restrictions on global coancestry improves the solutions
- Maximal restriction recovers original frequencies and diversity levels

**THANK YOU
FOR YOUR
ATTENTION!!**

