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# GxE interactions for growth and backfat thickness in organic and conventional pig production

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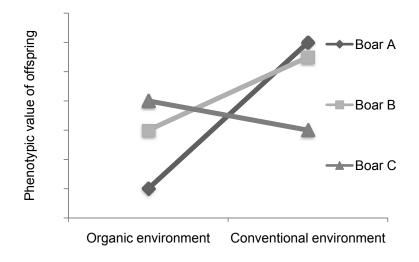


## Background

- No organic pig breeding program
- Conventional animals used in organic production environments
- Main differences between organic and conventional production: Feedstuff, space allowance, outdoor access, infection load
- Are the best producing animals in conventional production also the best producing animals in organic production?

## Background

GxE interaction => same trait – partly different genes



- Economically important if genetic evaluation is done in only one of the environments
- Growth and backfat thickness are economically important

## Aim: to answer the question

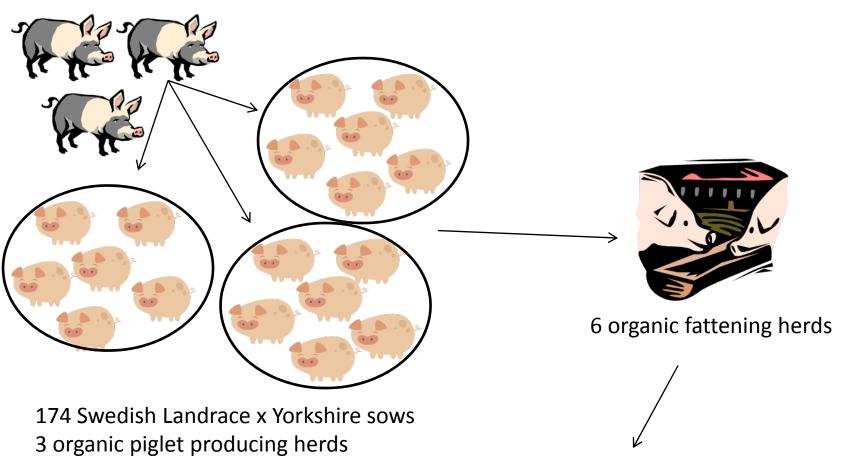
Are there GxE interactions for fattening traits in organic and conventional pig production environments?

### Method

Compare ranking of boars' organic and conventional breeding values.

#### What did we do?

37 Al-Hampshire boars



Slaughter records (slaughter weight and backfat thickness) from 1805 offspring collected at slaughter plant

#### What did we do?

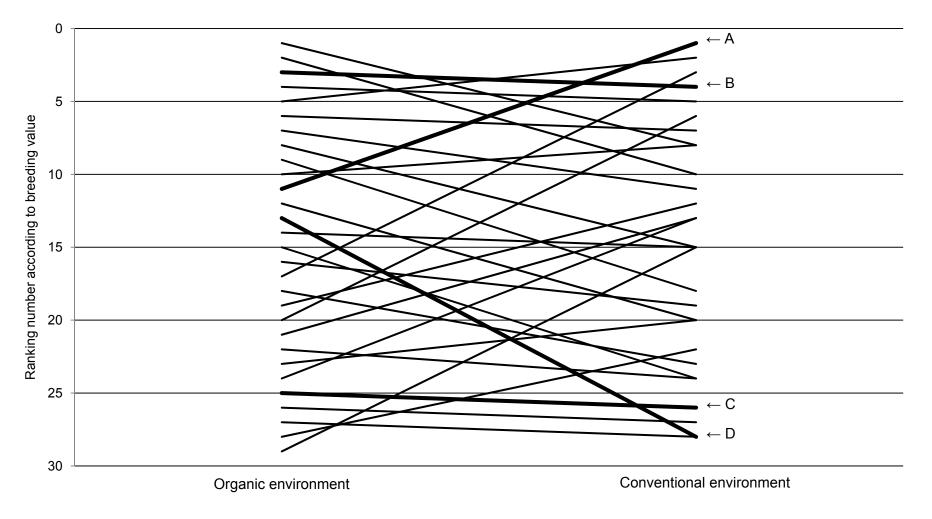
- Estimation of "organic" breeding values for the Al-boars
  - Bivariate genetic analysis for growth rate from birth until 100 kg and backfat thickness at 100 kg
  - Fixed effects: sex, litter size and fattening herd
  - Random effects: herd-year-season, birth litter and animal
- Conventional breeding values for the same boars, from the breeding organisation Quality Genetics

- Heritability
  - Growth rate until 100 kg: 0.30
  - Backfat thickness at 100 kg: 0.36
- Genetic correlation
  - **-**0.11

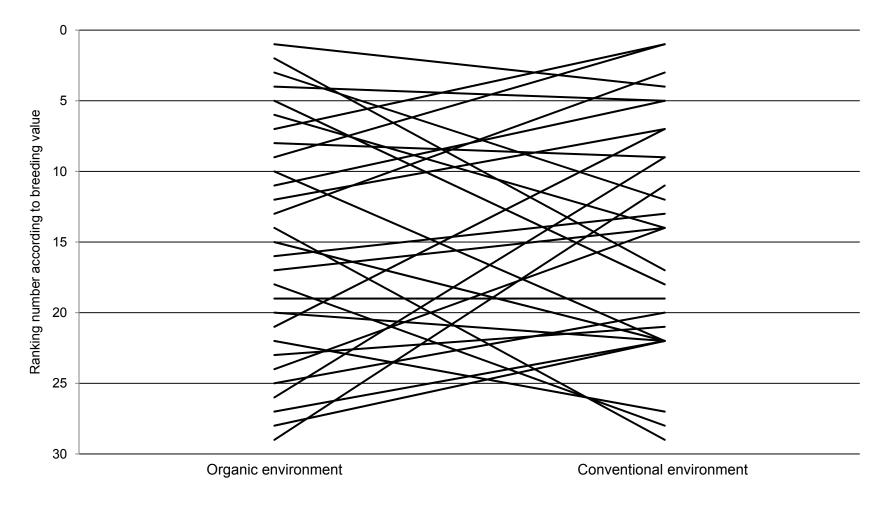
Spearman rank correlations between organic and conventional breeding values (N=29)

	p-values		
	r	H0: r=0	H0: r=1
Growth rate	0.48	0.009	0.001
Backfat thickness	0.42	0.022	0.001

## Differences in ranking of breeding values: Growth rate



Differences in ranking of breeding values: Backfat thickness



#### Conclusion

There are weak GxE interactions for growth rate and backfat thickness in organic and conventional production environments

## **Implications**

- No strong GxE interactions => no separate organic breeding program needed
- Further research of the relative importance of different traits in organic production is needed. Different economic weights?
- Organic breeding index within conventional breeding program

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