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Nutritive evaluation of three Acacia species

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OBJECTIVES:

Acacia species are of special significance as source of feed for ruminant livestock, mainly in arid and semiarid regions. The objective of this study was the nutritive evaluation of *Acacia cyanophylla*, *Acacia dealbata*, *Acacia karroo* in May and November.

METHODOLOGY:

- Leaves of *A. cyanophylla*, *A. dealbata*, *A. karroo*, randomly chosen in the Centre of Portugal, were sampled in May and November.
- Chemical analysis: crude protein (CP), cell wall constituents (NDF, ADF, ADL) total phenols (TP), total tannins (TT) and macrominerals.
- Nutritive parameters: organic matter (OMD) digestibility and mineral (Ca, P, K, Mg) disappearances evaluated in a *Daisy® Rumen Incubator*, following the *ANKOM* Technology:
 - 0.5 g of sample per bag (50x55 mm, heat sealed),
 - 25 bags per incubation jar: duplicates of 7 test samples and 5 standards and 1 blank,
 - incubation for 48h (rumen juice and buffer solution), washing and treatment with neutral detergent, drying to constant weight and analytical
- Statistical analysis - Data were analysed for the effect of species, period and their interactions using the GLM procedures of SAS.

RESULTS:

Table 1 - Organic constituents and in vitro digestibility of leaves of Acacia species (n=5)

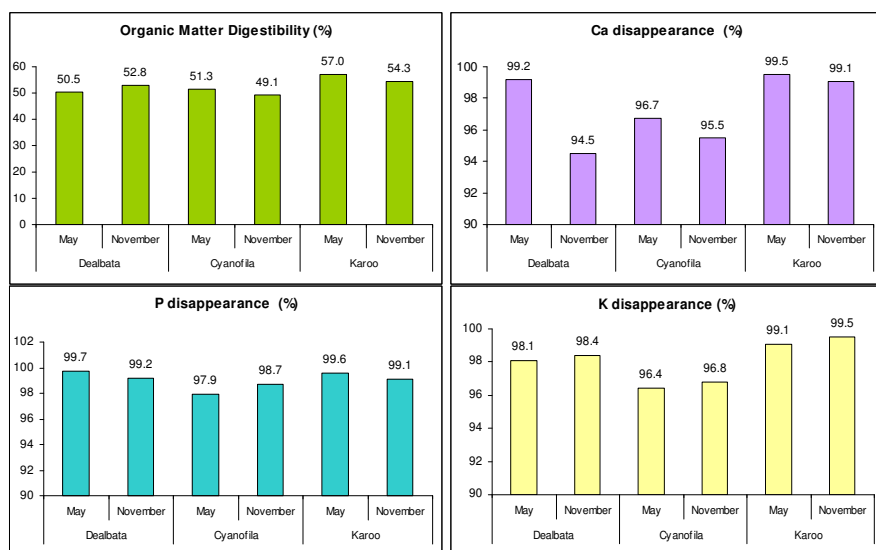
Species	Dealbata		Cyanofila		Karoo	
	May	November	May	November	May	November
CP ¹	15.9	18.4	16.9	16.6	14.1	18.9
NDF ¹	44.6	45.1	44.0	38.9	37.5	35.5
ADF ¹	33.1	29.4	31.7	26.5	29.6	19.7
ADL ¹	21.2	19.1	17.5	13.7	17.2	10.0
TP ²	5.85	6.36	2.79	3.85	1.39	2.51
TT ²	2.03	3.47	0.67	1.69	0.33	0.96

¹ % of DM; ² Tannic acid equivalent in % of DM

Table 2 - Mineral composition (% DM) of leaves of Acacia species (n=5)

Species	Dealbata		Cyanofila		Karoo	
	May	November	May	November	May	November
Ash	5.46	5.6	10.6	12.8	12.1	9.1
Ca	1.23	1.32	2.58	3.5	3.5	1.86
P	0.11	0.14	0.13	0.15	0.13	0.22
Na	0.049	0.042	0.068	0.065	0.17	0.14
K	0.3	0.31	0.68	0.42	1.46	1.54
Mg	0.35	0.44	0.39	0.4	0.55	0.35

In vitro Digestibility and Ca, P and K Disappearances of Acacia species evaluated in the Daisy® System



CONCLUSIONS:

- Crude protein content is higher in November than in May (18.0 vs 15.6 %DM).
- Ca, P, Na, K, total phenols and tannins, varied among species. *A. Karroo* presented the higher mineral concentration and *A. dealbata* the higher phenolic and tannin contents.
- *A. Karroo* presented the lower cell wall contents (NDF, ADF and ADL) ($P < 0.001$). The period only affected ADF and ADL with the lower levels observed in November.
- With exception for Mg, differences of *in vitro* parameters ($P < 0.05$), were observed for the species. *A. dealbata* presented the lowest percentages of OMD (50.2), Ca (96.1) and K (96.6) disappearances.