

Collaborative elaboration of a sustainability assessment method for small ruminant farming systems in the Mediterranean area.

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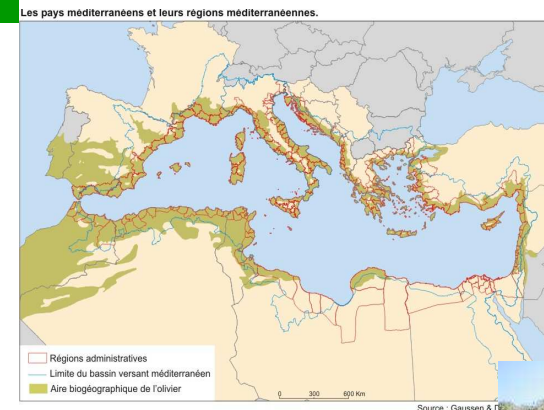
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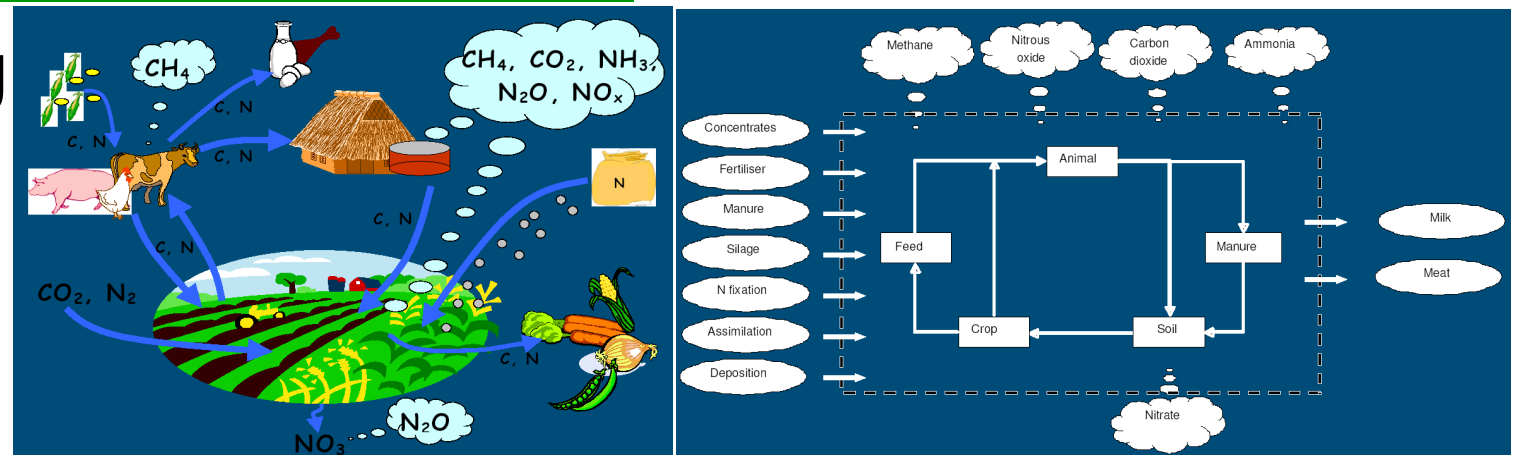
Specific aspects in the Mediterranean context

- ❑ Geopolitical diversity
- ❑ Climatic diversity
 - arid / semi-arid
- ❑ Farming systems diversity
 - extensive / intensive
 - pastoral / sylvo-pastoral / agro-pastoral
 - stationary / transhumant / nomadic
- ❑ Dependency on vegetal resources
 - scarcity, seasonality, stocking rate
- ❑ Dependency on importations
- ❑ Diversity of norms, references

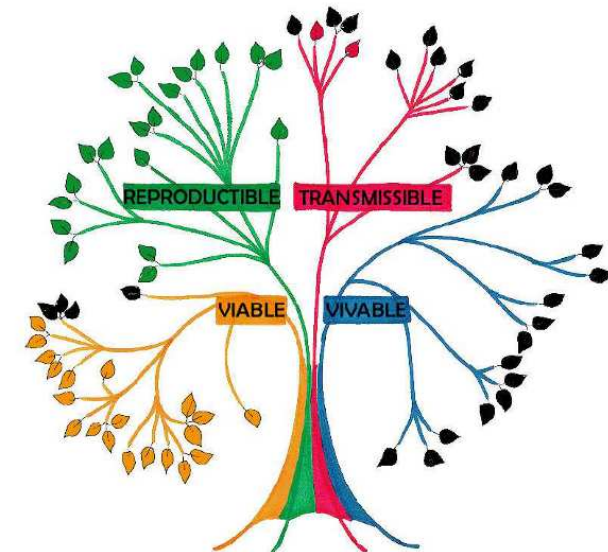


Methods for sustainability assessment at farm level

□ Modelling



□ Discursive approach (“Arbre”)



□ Indicators (quantify and simplify phenomena and helps understanding complex realities)

Some indicators-based methods

	Méthode	Parcelle	Exploitation	Modélisation	Semi quantitative	Qualitative
environment	ACVA		+	+		
	EMA	+		+		
	EOGE		+	+		
	Diage		+	+		
	Ecobilan		+	+		
	PAEXA		+	+		
	Indigo	+		+		
	KUL		+	+		
	IDA		+		+	
	Dialecte		+		+	
	Dialogue	+	+		+	
	Ecopoints	+	+		+	
environment economy	ASA		+	+		
	Reitmayr			+		
	REPRO		+	+		
	DCE		+		+	
environment social economy →	VDO		+	+		
	IDEA		+		+	
	RISE		+		+	
	ARBRE		+			+

Sustainability assessment by the IDEEA method

□ 16 Objectives, 41 indicators

- Consistency
- Adaptability
- Biodiversity
- Non-renewable resources
- Soils preservation
- Water management
- Atmosphere preservation
- Landscape preservation
- Product quality
- Quality of life
- Ethics
- Local development
- Citizenship
- Human development
- Employment
- Animal welfare

		Objectives															
	N° des indicateurs	Consistency	Biodiversity	Soils preservation	Water preservation	Atmosphere	Food quality	Ethics	Local development	Landscapes preservation	Citizenship	management of non-renewable resources	Human development	Quality of life	Adaptability	Employment	Animal well-being
10 components and 41 indicators	Diversity	A1															
		A2															
		A3															
		A4															
		A5															
	Organisation of space	A6															
		A7															
		A8															
		A9															
		A10															
		A11															
		A12															
	Farming practices	A13															
		A14															
		A15															
		A16															
		A17															
		A18															
		A19															
	Quality of the products and land	B1															
		B2															
		B3															
		B4															
		B5															
	Employment and services	B6															
		B7															
		B8															
		B9															
		B10															
	Ethics and human development	B11															
		B12															
		B13															
		B14															
		B15															
	Economic viability	C1															
		C2															
	Independence	C3															
		C4															
	Transferability	C5															
	Efficiency	C6															

Adaptations of the original method for Lebanese small ruminants (Srour 2006, Srour et al., 2008)

- Indicators computing modalities modified
- Scales adapted
 - actual distribution
 - goals
- Weighting adapted to local specificities
- Particular need for references:
 - Stocking density
 - Fertilisation / Nitrogen balance
 - Economical transmissibility

Assessment of small ruminant systems in Spain (Nahed et al., 2006)

- 5 general attributes, 44 indicators
 - Productivity (8 indicators)
 - Stability (17 indicators)
 - Adaptability (6 indicators)
 - Equity (4 indicators)
 - Self-management (9 indicators)

Need for a specific approach

- Focus research on sustainability indicators pertinent in semi-arid/arid conditions
- Weighting of indicators as a function of the importance of a factor in the specific situation
- Set up a common assessment tool (for inter-systems or inter-national comparisons)

Working method : Delphi method

- Delphi method : iterative participatory process to develop consensus between experts
 - successive questionnaires
 - anonymity and statistical treatment of responses
 - feedback, refinement, review of assumptions
 - identify items, weight them
- Used:
 - indicators of aquaculture sustainability (LSU 1998)
 - indicators of sustainability of continental aquaculture food chain (Madec 2003)
 - indicators of sustainability of dairy dutch farms (van Calker 2005)
 - ethical questions, ...

Partnership

- 8 Mediterranean countries (open)
 - France, Spain, Portugal, Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia, Egypt, Lebanon
- 1 coordinator
- 1 contact person by country (management group)
- 5-7 experts by country
 - research, development, administration
 - animal and plant production, pastoralism, soil, water management, economy, sociology

Successive questionnaires

- Objectives associated to sustainability
 - initial proposition, other propositions, first rating
 - feed-back, rating
- Indicators linked to the three dimensions of sustainability and objectives
 - call for proposals
 - rating, selection
- References for the indicators

Candidate objectives

Consistency	
Autonomy	Independence
Adaptability	Adaptability
	Stability, resilience
Biodiversity	
Non-renewable resources	
Soils preservation	
Water management	
Atmosphere preservation	
Landscape preservation	
Product quality	
Quality of life	
Ethics	Equitability
Local development	
Citizenship	
Human development	
Employment	
Animal welfare	
	Productivity
Vilain 2003-2008	Nahed 2006

Steps

- ❑ Set of indicators adapted to small ruminant farming systems and Mediterranean references
- ❑ Presentation to the FAO-CIHEAM S.R. Network
- ❑ Test on the field and confrontation with farmers experience (co-conception)

- ❑ Work in progress

