55th Annual Meeting of the European Association for Animal Production in Slovenia, Bled, 5- 9 September, 2004 Abstract no. 553 Poster Session G4 52



CHARACTERISATION OF POLYMORHISMS IN THE PORCINE MC3R GENE

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Introduction :

(1)

The **central melanocortin system** is critical for the long-term regulation of energy homeostasis. Important members: *MC1R* (pigmentation regulation) *MC4R*, *MC5R* (complex control of appetite and body weight). Disfunction / over expression - obesity, disturbances of food intake and energy imbalance (human, mice)

However, little is known about the function, localisation and structure of another porcine melanocortin receptor - MC3R.

Main Goals to Achieve :

(2)

Structure analysis of the porcine gene *MC3R* using the direct sequencing method of purified PCR product

Detection of new polymorphisms

Verification of polymorphisms by PCR-RFLP method

Material and Methods:

(3)

Partial primary structure: Primer pair A designed from mRNA sequence of the human gene (NM_019888):

Forward: 5'-CTTCGTGCTGCCTGCCTCT-3'

Reverse: 5'-GGGTCGATGACGGAGTTGCAC -3'

Amplicon: 880 bp (EMBLE AJ744762)

Analysis of detected SNP polymorphisms

Primer pair B designed:

Forward: 5'-CATCTTCTACGCGCTGCGCTA-3' Reverse: 5'-CCAGCAGGAGGGAGATGGTCA -3' Amplicon: 311 bp

PCR conditions:

genomic DNA (50-100 ng), standard PCR buffer, 200 μM each dNTP, 0,2 μM

each primer (10 pmol/μl), 2.2 mM Mg²⁺, 1U LA polymerase; cycling conditions: 95°C/2min; 30 cycles: 95°C/20s, 65°C/20s, 68°C/60s; 68°C/7min

The identity of 880 bp amplicon verified by **direct PCR fluorescent terminator sequencing** (ABI PRISM 3100 Avant Genetic Analyser, Applied Biosystems) and two polymorphisms were detected (figure

Applied Biosystems) and two polymorphisms were detected (figure 1)

RFLP digestion of 311 bp PCR product performed with 5U of *Mnl*I or *Dde*I restriction enzyme at 37°C overnight (figure 2)

Allele frequencies in five pig breeds are given in table 1

Breed	No. of animals	Mnll		Ddel	
		Α	В	Α	В
Large White	10	0.65	0.35	1	0
Landrase	13	0 .85	0.15	1	0
Pietrain	11	0.7	0.3	0.77	0.23
Hampshire	3	0.83	0.17	1	0
Duroc	10	1	0	1	0

Tab.1: Allele frequencies at Mnll and Ddel loci in different breeds

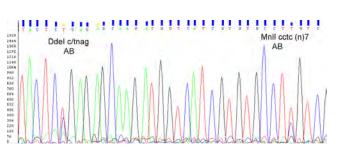


Fig.1: Electorforetogram showing polymorphisms in heterozygous sample

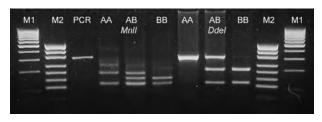


Fig.2: Agarose gel (4%) showing *Mnl*I and *Dde*I genotypes in porcine *MC3R* gene. *Mnl*I **RFLP**: *AA* (179, 120, 12 bp), *AB* (179, 149, 120, 30, 12 bp), *BB* (149, 120, 30, 12 bp); *Dde*I **RFLP**: *AA* (311 bp), *AB* (311, 197, 114 bp), *BB* (197, 114 bp).

Results :

(4)

Partial primary structure of porcine *MC3R* gene was determined

Comparative sequencing of 880 bp amplimers revealed two C/T substitutions located at positions 552 and 549 bp (silent mutations)

839 bp sequence AJ744762 (without A primers) was deposited in the EMBL/GenBank/DDJ databases

Codominant mendelian inheritance of polymorphic loci was confirmed in USDA-MARC backcross pedigree

Two point linkage analysis assigned porcine *MC3R* gene to **chromosome 17** (*in press*)

The porcine MC3R maps to chromosome region harbouing QTL fat traits in German MeishanXPietrain pedigree

